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VOL. 33. EMPORIUM PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1898. NO. 25.

EDITOR'S NOTICE.

WHEN you see this item marked with an X across its face you will know that your subscription is due, or past due. Your name will be found printed on each copy of the PRESS, as you receive it and gives the last date to which you have paid. Our terms are $2.00 if not paid in advance, $1.50 in advance. Many, very many, of our patrons allow their subscriptions to run year after year. This we are unable to stand. It requires money to purchase paper and pay employes and we must insist upon the payment of subscriptions due us. We have been patient, but "patience has ceased to be a virtue," and we now propose to weed out all those subscribers who show no disposition to pay for their paper. We labor hard to give the public a good journal and while a majority of our patrons realize that fact and pay for it there are hundreds who never give the matter a passing thought, taking it for granted that we will always send them the PRESS, whether we receive pay or not. We have had an elegant sufficiency of that kind of kindness. If you want this paper pay for it—if you don't want it, stop it and pay what you owe. We know money is scarce in this county, yet we also know that our delinquents could pay if they desired—a part at least.

10 PAGES.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY,
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county.
30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
D. S. MCDONALD, Proprietor.
Having assumed control of this popular Restaurant I am prepared to serve the public in the best possible manner. Meals furnished at all hours. Give me a call. 29-8-1y

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR,
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.

Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
JOHN A. WYKOFF.
Grove, Pa., April 4th, 1898.

***

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
WM. BERRY.
Sterling Run, Pa., April 8th, 1898.

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Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
JOHN MCDONALD.
Driftwood, Pa., April 20th, 1898.

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Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
S. D. MCCOOLE.
Driftwood, Pa., May 7th, 1898.

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COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican county Convention.
H. C. OLMSTED.
Emporium, Pa., June 27, 1898.

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Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Treasurer of Cameron County, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.
C. G. CATLIN.
Emporium, Pa., June 28th, 1898.

***

Editor Cameron County Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
C. M. THOMAS.
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 16, 1898.

List of Jurors.

The following is the list of jurors selected to serve at the September term of court.

GRAND JURORS.

1	Ayers, Frank	Carpenter	Emporium
2	Beaton, Ward	Laborer	Emporium
3	Bennett, Amos	Foreman	Grove
4	Close, Edward	Farmer	Shippen
5	Dice, C. A	Laborer	Lumber
6	Dickenson, W. W	Laborer	Emporium
7	Floyd, J. C	Farmer	Gibson
8	Gardn'r, J. S	Laborer	Grove
9	Guinn, George	Clerk	Emporium
10	Hamilton, J. R	Cook	Emporium
11	Havens, George	Laborer	Grove
12	Jordan, Harry	Merchant	Emporium
13	Logan, James	Laborer	Shippen
14	LaBar, Geo	Merchant	Emporium
15	McCarthy, Michael	Laborer	Emporium
16	Murray, C. H	Laborer	Grove
17	Marsh, W. A	Carpenter	Lumber
18	Nangle, Owen	Laborer	Emporium
19	Ostrum, N. A	Farmer	Shippen
20	Peters, Elias	Farmer	Shippen
21	Redfoot, A. F	Merchant	Driftwood
22	Rentz, F. P	Machinist	Emporium
23	Seger, Fritz	Tailor	Emporium
24	Schmidt, C. G	Baker	Emporium

TRAVERSE JURORS.

1	Andrews, A. F	Laborer	Emporium
2	Burrows, Bert	Clerk	Emporium
3	Butler, Charles	Wagon Maker	Emporium
4	Berfield, Wesley	Farmer	Shippen
5	Blinzler, Ed	Barber	Emporium
6	Brookbonk, J. O	Merchant	Driftwood
7	Chapman, Elliott	Laborer	Gibson
8	Chadwick, T. F	Farmer	Shippen
9	Crandall, C. E	Clerk	Emporium
10	Cline, John	Laborer	Shippen
11	Davison, J. M	Druggist	Emporium
12	Dalpha, Albert	Laborer	Emporium
13	English, J. M	Farmer	Gibson
14	Evans, J. H	Farmer	Portage
15	Espy, T. E	Barber	Grove
16	Fay, C. C	Farmer	Emporium
17	Ford, Harry	Laborer	Gibson
18	Foultz, John B	Laborer	Gibson
19	Farley, Joseph	Farmer	Gibson
20	Gore, G. W	Laborer	Grove
21	Glenn, John	Laborer	Emporium
22	Goss, Martin	Laborer	Emporium
23	Hacket, T. N	Filer	Emporium
24	Housler, Geo. E	Farmer	Shippen
25	Hicks, John R	Farmer	Gibson
26	Jessop, C. H	Laborer	Emporium
27	Krider, S. P	Merchant	Driftwood
28	Lewis, Heilman	Laborer	Shippen
29	Lupole, W. H	Laborer	Grove
30	Loucks, J. B	Farmer	Shippen
31	Peters, O. S	Farmer	Shippen
32	Parsons, J. F	Merchant	Emporium
33	Smith, Adam R	Laborer	Driftwood
34	Swartwood, E. E	Farmer	Shippen
35	Seiford, Anthony	Laborer	Emporium
36	Van Wert, George	Farmer	Shippen

Back From Alaska.

Edward Dion, Jas. Lysett and Urban Butler returned from Alaska last Saturday. They report all Emporium men, located in that country, as being well and doing well. The boys are glad to get home and are content to remain here.

To Farmers.

I desire to inform the farmers of this and adjoining counties that I have recently purchased a Fearless Thresher and Cleaner, and am prepared to do any work in this line in first-class manner and at reasonable rates. Having the best machinery I take pride in giving my customers good clean work.

I am also making contracts to bale hay, having purchased the Eli hay press. Give me a call.

L. G. COOK.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 8, 1898.—24tf

A Model Farm.

In a sightly place, between 400 and 500 feet above the valley, on one of the prominent hills which surround Warren, with a background of native forest, standing on the brow of the hill, is the summer home of Hon. C. W. Stone.

Some distance back of this comfortable country home is the Airmont dairy farm, stocked with a registered herd of Jersey and Holstein cows, well cared for in comfortable barns, arranged for wintering and storing the crops that are produced by good farming and judicial fertilizing of the cultivated land.

The nearness of the farm to the Warren Electric Power company's plant makes it practicable to use electricity, power being used is generated by means of a 15 horse power motor and used whenever power is needed. Especially is this convenient in putting up ensilage, of which large quantities are used, and it is considered one of the best milk-producing forages of the farm.

All the domestic stock on the farm shows great care in selection, and Mr. Stone does not object to riding behind some fine roadsters when at home during his vacations, having laid aside his official duties. It is then that he finds his farm a resort for rest and recreation and a never-ending source of pleasure in watching the progress of improvements, such as making roads, setting out varieties of trees and shrubs, obtained at home and abroad, and there is no greater enjoyment for our worthy Congressman than the taking of a hand in this work himself.

Mr. Stone's knowledge of horticulture is extensive as is evidenced by his farm and as can be seen at his Warren residence where the grounds are covered with a fine variety and collection of ornamental and fruit bearing trees. Among the ornamental variety are the English oak and walnut and the St. Helena weeping willow.

At the close of President Harrison's campaign in '88 the large log cabin that was erected on the late Judge Scofield's lot on Liberty street by Harrison's supporters, and which did excellent service in the progress of the local campaign to the Republican cause, was purchased by Mr. Stone and carefully taken down, removed and re-erected at a conspicuous point on his farm west of Warren, a large old fashioned fire-place having been added for parties frequently given by the family of our Congressman, and it is a common saying: "A party up at Stone's to-night; see the light."

A gas well on the farm furnishes gas for heat and light, and when the family are at home a large beacon light may be seen guiding and welcoming the guests to this hospitable farm and country home.—Warren Mirror.

Seed Wheat.

Mr. L. G. Cook has several varieties of seed wheat for sale, samples of which may be seen at Walker's hardware store. 25tf

Republican County Committee.

The Republican county committee met at the Warner House last Thursday, to fix the date for the holding of the primary election and county convention. Every district in the county was represented and the best of feeling prevailed. On motion it was resolved that the primary election be held on Saturday, Sept. 24th, and the convention on Tuesday, Sept. 27th.

The committee passed a resolution empowering the committeemen from each district to select the delegates to be voted at the primaries, also that all candidates file their names with the Secretary of the County Committee that their name may be printed on the tickets to be presented to the primary election officers in each district. It was also decided that inasmuch as the Associate Judge to be nominated is conceeded to the eastern section of the county that no instructions be voted for said office in Shippen and Emporium—leaving the delegates free. That the Republicans may fully understand the matter, we will briefly give the plan decided upon. Each district is entitled to a certain number of delegates; the committeemen from each district will select the exact number of Republicans to act as delegates and place their names in the hands of the Secretary of the county committee; the Secretary of the county committee will place the names at the top of the ticket; below will follow the names of all candidates for the several county offices; the voter will mark an X after the canditate he desires to vote for and the candidate receiving a majority of the votes cast in each district will receive the votes, in the convention, of the delegates from his district for five ballots. The plan is practically the Crawford county system and gives the voter a choice of candidates, not leaving the decision to the delegates. The tickets will be placed in the hands of the chairman of the district committee. The primary election will be conducted under the Act of Assembly. We believe the new system will work better and be more harmonious than a general, at times disgusting, scramble for delegates. The plan adopted is honest and fair to all.

A Letter From Ponce.

The following interesting letter from E. J. Fauzy, of the 16th Regt. Penn'a. Vol., was received by his wife a few days ago and kindly submitted to the PRESS for publication:

PONCE, PUERTO RICO,
July 29, 1898.

MY DEAR WIFE AND BABY:—

I suppose you will be worried nearly to death over my tardiness in writing but I did not have a chance to write before we left Charleston, and we did not meet any mail boat on our way over so you see it is not my fault that I did not write.

We were on the water seven days and seven nights and some of the boys were awful sea-sick before we landed. Several of the boys are very sick with typhoid fever and some have malarial fever, but so far I have been feeling very well. The climate is very much better than it was in the states of Tennessee, Georgia or South Carolina, because of the sea breeze, but it rains, every day regular and at night there is a very heavy dew so it makes it very dangerous in regards to your lungs and rheumatics, and also fevers. The Spaniards are camped about 10 miles back in the mountains, 5,000 strong, and when all the Americans are landed there will be about 20,000 of us and four batteries of light artillery, so I guess we can whip the Dons that are near here, and we expect to start in the morning for a skirmish after the "Espanos."

Then we go and beseige San Juan and after we have taken that we will come home, if Spain does not give up before then. There is no use for them to fight us any longer for we are bound to win and that before long too.

The island is very plentiful with fruit and the boys are doing it justice too. There are pineapples, bananas, cocoanuts, mangoes, poncos and breadfruit, so you see we won't want for fruit. Sugar cane grows in abundance here and so rum is equally as plentiful. Some of the boys have drank a trifle too much already.

They captured about fifty Spanish interpreters last night and to-day, and I presume some of them will be shot as spies.

Now don't worry over mail if you don't get any, for we are going to a country where mails will be few and far between, but if anything happens to me you will get a cablegram from Capt. A. D. Burns, but there is every reason to believe that I won't get hurt. Well, I must close for the present and bid you good night, hoping I will soon be home with my family, I remain your

True and loving husband,
E. J. FAUZY.
Co. C 16th Regt P. V. I.

Harmony all Along the Line.

Senator Quay and David Martin met at Philadelphia last Thursday and now the Combine and Anti-Combine factions will bury the differences and work together for the success of the Republican ticket at the November election and the re-election of Quay to the Senate. This is a Republican year and harmony all along the line is the watch-word. Cameron county Republicans will join the column to victory.

Enacted by the School Board.

At a recent meeting of the Borough School Board a resolution was passed, that all pupils attending the public schools last year who were not present for examination at the close of last term must be examined before they can be promoted.

Examinations will begin at 9:00 a. m. in the High School building, Thursday, Aug. 25th. Those who cannot be present on that day will remain in the rooms in which they were last year until another date set for examination.

A Slight Blaze.

The alarm of fire was sounded in the west ward, Sunday evening at nine o'clock and upon investigation was found to be at the dwelling house on Sixth street, occupied by W. W. Weeks and owned by Hyde, Murphy & Co., of Ridgway. The flames had eaten a small hole on the inside wall, back of the kitchen stove, and were soon extinguished with the aid of a few pails of water. The family were out of town on an excursion at the time and Mr. Weeks thinks it must have been the work of incendiaries.

Barn Destroyed.

About two o'clock Tuesday morning, the barn belonging to John Costello, located at the rear of Eagle Hotel, was discovered to be on fire and a general alarm was given, which was quickly responded to by all four companies.

The Citizens and Hook's were the first to arrive on the scene and their prompt action prevented the fire from spreading to the adjoining buildings, and in a short time had the the flames entirely subdued.

Mr. Costello estimates his loss on the barn and contents at $200, with no insurance. It is reported that a number of "hoboes" were seen issuing from the burning building at the time the alarm was given.

Keeping Up His Record.

There is probably no where around, a more prosperous business man than Frank McGloin, the "sailor boy grocer," and real estate owner of Ridgway. For the past twenty-six years he has resided in the borough of Ridgway and he can with just pride point to the fact that he owns and has paid for a house for every year he has been in the town. On Tuesday he closed one of the biggest real estate deals of the season and became the owner of the R. I. Robinson property, corner of Center and Elk streets, which he purchased from W. H. Hyde, paying therefore the round sum of $8,000. The newly acquired property consists of two lots facing Centre St., on which there are three good dwelling houses. The houses are very desirable ones and are now occupied by H. H. TenBroeck, Herman Nauert and Thos. C. Galbraith's families respectively. Mr. McGloin's 27 years residence in Ridgway will not be reached until next March, and, in order that his record for one house for every year may not be broken, it is his intention to build on one of the new lots before that time. He is a good landlord and keeps his properties in good repair, thus pleasing his tenants and maintaining the value of his investments.

Mr. McGloin is not much of a man for fuss and feathers, and, he is perfectly well satisfied if he can but become the owner of "just what joins" his own property. His valuable holdings of real estate have been acquired by close attention to business and all who patronize his grocery or have any dealings with him in any line of trade always find that he sells at the lowest possible living profits and that he handles only goods that he can recommend to his friends.—Ridgway Advocate. Frank McGloin is well and favorably known in this section. For many years he was associated with M. C. Tulis, of Emporium and together they traveled this country, visiting the people who seldom had an opportunity to visit the stores. Mr. McGloin married Miss Mary Farrell, of Emporium, a very excellent young lady. Their host of Cameron county friends are pleased to know they have prospered.

Rich Valley Notes.

Miss Mabel Lewis is working for Mrs. A. O. Swartwood.

John McClenahan has been on the sick list for a few days.

Miss Emma Bittenbender has gone to Barclayville to work for Mrs. Scudder.

Miss Elsie Lewis is getting ready to go to Hughton, N. Y. to attend school.

Mrs. Henry Edgcomb, of Emporium, was the guest of Mrs. D. A. Peasley several days last week.

Ethel Housler, of Emporium and Laura Lewis visited Beulah Herman a few days ago and enjoyed themselves as only little girls can.

Aug. 15, 1898. ADINA.

Sinnemahoning News.

Theodore Kephart is confined to his home, a victim of typhoid fever.

Miss Blanch Motter, one of Williamsport's charming young ladies is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Julia Earl, of Depew, N. Y., has been a Sinnemahoning visitor during the past week.

B. V. Wykoff has commenced operations in Montour's Run and will employ a large force of men there from now until driving time.

A few days ago Brady Weikel a farmer, of Grove, discovered that one of his hen's nests was being robbed so he placed a china egg in the nest near the side of the barn in which was a knot hold. That evening when he put his hand in the nest he caught hold of a large blacksnake which had swallowed the artificial egg, and being unable to make his usual exit through the knot hole had made himself a prisoner and was promptly executed by his captor. Now this is not a production of the liars club nor the result of an over indulgence in Joe M's snake producing fluid, but is a true bill and can be vouched for by Bill Michaels or Norman Johnson. ANGUS.

North Creek Items.

D. N. Chandler had the misfortune to cut his foot very bad a few days ago.

Alfred Marsh who has been working for Rob't Warner for a year left Monday for his home in Potter county.

Mrs. Eliza Harman and daughter Beulah, of Rich Valley and Miss Elizabeth McNalley, of Lock Haven, were guests of W. B. Moore's and Elihu Housler's families the past week.

Chas. Chadwick is laid up with a lame arm caused by receiving a severe blow from a skid, while rolling logs.

Leon Brundage, of Wrights, Pa., is working for J. W. Lewis.

A party of our people were taking in the sights at the Kinzua Bridge, last Friday and Saturday. All report a pleasant time.

Elihu Housler who has been ill for the past three months, is able to be out again.

Rev. Walter Readett and family were callers at some homes on Friday.

Mrs. E. Housler has been having a severe swelling on her right hand. It is some better at this writing.

Miss Alice Lewis has been quite ill for a few days.

MUCH TALK.

Sterling Run Budget.

A. W. Mason has commenced shipping bark to L. R. Gleason & Sons' tannery at Driftwood.

Bessie Baker of Coudersport, formerly of this place is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Jos Kissell.

Sterling Run is famous for its two B. B.—base ball and blackberries.

Drs. Bardwell and Smith were here on a professional visit a few days ago.

Mason Hill seems anxious of our whereabouts. We would say that they are too fond of chicken there for us, which accouns for things disappearing mysteriously at the convention last Saturday. For further information we refer you to Sam'l Ebersole.

Mel. Smith and wife are visiting his father, Samuel Smith, for a few days.

Jos. Kissel and Benj. Dayton have both taken bark jobs of Whiting & Thomas in Potter county, draying to the railroad.

There is some very loud talk in regard to parties here who blockade the sidewalks at night and molest people who are attending to their own business. We understand this business will be stopped even if it has to be brought before the grand jury when they meet, as unlawful assemblages, resulting in a public nuisance.

The potato harvest will be about one half a crop this fall. Blight and dry weather is the cause.

Miss Amy Summerson, one of Gibson township school teachers is taking in the firemen's convention at Ridgway.

Mrs. Julia Earl, of Depew, N. Y., is visiting relatives here. BUZZ.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. B. V. WYKOFF and J. C. BONHAM, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Termines and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron, have issued their precept bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D., 1898, and to me directed for holding Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 5th day of September, 1898, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 2 o'clock, p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., August 1st, 1898, and in the 122d year of the Independence of the United States of America.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.

Fine Clothing

EVERY MAN has or ought to have an eye on his attire. Fine Clothing is the uniform of success and prosperity. Every man seeks to look his best. He must have a good tailor to help him do it. We claim first place in that line and having opened our

Elegant Line of Summer Goods.

We are now ready to serve our customers with the latest in models of clothes.

R. SEGER & CO.,
THE MERCHANT TAILORS.

Have you seen
OUR NEW LINE
OF
LATE SUMMER GOODS ?

The Latest in
THIN UNDERWEAR,
SHIRTS,
HOSE,
TIES.
STYLISH CLOTHING
AT
BIG BARGAINS.
R. SEGER & SON.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued ntil arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

THE late Mr. Gladstone is said to have managed the Hawarden estate, which was once much involved, with so much thrift and sagacity that the el est son of W. H. Gladstone will, it is believed, succeed to £10,000 a year on attaining his majority.

THE emperor, Francis Joseph, of Austria, in order to provide a residence nearer Vienna for his daughter, the Archduchess Valerie, and her children, has bought the Frohsdorf chateau, in lower Austria, in which the Comte de Chambord lived from 1846 till his death in 1883.

THE test of a true Persian carpet—that used by the natives themselves—is to drop a piece of red-hot charcoal upon it, which leaves a singed round spot. If the carpet is one of the first quality the singed wool can be brushed off with the hand without the least trace of the burn being afterward discernible.

THE smallest salary I have heard of is paid to a young man in Brookline for running errands. He at first worked for nothing, but grumbled until a weekly stipend was agreed upon. He now receives 1 cent a week, and considers himself amply remunerated for going to the grocery store. But then he is only 7 years old.

ONE lesson of the war is that ships are no match for land batteries. Some $2,000,000 was wasted when the American fleet at Santiago attempted to reduce the forts. The hundreds of shots fired at Morro castle proved absolutely harmless. What might have been the result had the forts contained good guns and good gunners?

THE regular army of China is said to consist of 323,000 men. Besides this, the emperor's army, there is a national army of 650,000 men, who are paid about one dollar a month. The cavalry receive about three dollars a month, feed their own horses, and if the horses are lost or killed are required to replace them out of their pay.

MORTALITY among hospital nurses is startling. It has been ascertained that a healthy girl of 17, devoting herself to hospital nursing, dies on an average 21 years sooner than a girl of the same age moving among the general population. A hospital nurse at the age of 25 has the same expectation of life as a person at the age of 58 in the ordinary community.

COMPETENT authorities expected that the Klondike output would this season amount to $20,000,000 or $30,000,000, but the total output is estimated at only one-half this amount, or about $10,900,000 or $15,000,000. Canada charges 10 per cent. upon all gold mined on her territory. She collected up to June 1 a revenue of $639,000, which repesents $6,390,000 mined. Much gold was probably smuggled away.

SOUSA, the musician, is to be made a musical director in the 6th army corps, with the rank of captain, provided he can be released from duty in time to fill his fall engagements. Meanwhile, the sailors on the Brooklyn, jealous of those on the New York, which has a monopoly of the music with Adm. Sampson's fleet, have written to Sousa asking him to name a competent musician to organize a band for their ship.

SHORT sight is more common in town than among country folk, for the simple reason that townspeople have less need for long sight, they have fewer opportunities for exercising their sight on distant objects, and their occupations do not favor its development by training or selection, but it is not, in the majority of cases, a proof of physical degeneracy, as can be seen in the case of the Germans, who are a notoriously short-sighted people.

MALMSEY, a butt of which wine was selected by George of Clarence for his final immersion, is now again used in France for bathing purposes. It takes a 100 quarts of wine for a bath, the French character of which is shown by the fact that the wine is poured back into the barrel after use and is employed over again for the next bath. After 100 baths, according to the London Daily Telegraph, the malmsey is distilled, "and the result is a delicious brandy."

PEOPLE having friends or relatives in the armies now stationed in Cuba and Porto Rico seem to be much puzzled as to how letters to them should be stamped. For the benefit of those interested the post office department has issued a circular stating that letters addressed to soldiers or sailors in Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines only require the domestic rates of postage. Mail matter addressed to others than government employes must pay the regular rate as fixed by the international postal union.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Attempts of Free Traders and Free Silverites to Distort Patent Facts.

There is some disposition to judge the new war revenue law before there has been time to measure its results. The same disposition was shown for some months after the present tariff was enacted, until the attempt to distort facts became so glaring that even the most extreme free traders perceived that they were only bringing into disrepute the cause they were striving to defend. Fair-minded persons will agree that the tariff can be honestly judged only in the light of the conditions arising while it was passing through congress and with regard to the amount of revenue required for a state of peace. Its operation was for some months in part unavoidably postponed by anticipatory imports. Before it had become fully operative through exhaustion of supplies thus brought in, the destruction of the Maine led to quick increase of expenditures in preparation for the war which, it was seen, could not long be averted. Yet the fair-minded have observed the fact that the law had begun in February to yield the full amount of revenue intended—namely, the $1,000,000 a day which had for years sufficed for the ordinary expenditures of government in time of peace—and that it has continued, notwithstanding some interruption of foreign business through the war, to yield substantially that amount of revenue.

The new war revenue law was intended, according to Mr. Dingley's statement when it passed, to add $138,481,306 to the receipts, but it was frankly recognized by those who framed the law that it would not be possible to judge with great accuracy the fruitfulness of internal taxes which had never been tried in this country, or of others which had not been tried for 30 years or more. The new law has not been in operation a month, and part of its provisions can become fully operative only after a quarter or half year has elapsed, while others can be enforced only when cases pending in the courts have been decided. Yet persons are found who make haste to conclude that the new law will fall short of its purpose.

In 23 days of July the law has yielded a revenue of $33,526,572, or about $1,456,000 daily. Some of its provisions were capable of anticipation, and considerable revenue at the outset was thus cut off, while the effect of other provisions will not appear for some time to come. But the receipts thus far have been at the rate of over $530,000,000 a year. Strictly speaking, if the law were to be judged at all in the light of present insufficient experience, it would have to be held rather more productive than it was originally intended to be. Allowance must be made, however, for the fact that purchases of stamps at the outset are usually for considerable time to come, and that other payments are to cover periods not yet expired. The same law might not yield as large a revenue in succeeding months, because the first month of a fiscal year usually brings considerable settlements of various kinds. When these things are taken into account, with the obvious fact that full payment has not been realized on all provisions of the law, it seems within the truth to say that it has worked thus far quite as well and has yielded quite as much as was expected.

A time of war is one in which expenditures cannot be closely scrutinized. No citizen and no official can judge what unexpected outlay patriotic duty may require in any given week or month. The necessities have to be met as they arise, by instant provision for the success of army and navy, the supplies of men in the service half around the world, and the preparation for other and possibly large requirements in the near future. In the one matter of smokeless powder, for instance, not many realized at the outset how clearly necessary it would become for the government to provide a full supply for its troops without delay and without regard to expenditure. But the magnificent success of the loan which the government has proposed, showing that sums practically unlimited are at the command of the government at any time, and on terms more favorable than were thought possible a year ago in days of peace, relieves the government and people of present anxiety. The thing to do is to push the war so that it may be finished as soon as possible.—N. Y. Tribune.

☞The attempt of a few democratic organs to make the senatorial election last winter an issue in this fall campaign will be a signal failure, from a democratic standpoint. Everyone knows the facts in connection with it. Everyone is familiar with the disgraceful combine which was organized to defeat Senator Hanna, and which was abetted to the best of their ability by the democratic organs of the state. The infamy of that combine will not be forgotten and the effort of the democratic party to make the election of Senator Hanna an issue again this fall will react with telling effect on them.—Ohio State Journal.

☞Thus far since the new revenue laws have been in operation the total receipts have averaged about $875,000 a day, whereas the receipts under the Dingley law were but $462,824 a day. Very likely these receipts will be increased later on, when various special taxes not yet collected have been paid, and it is safe to assume that the new law will easily raise the $175,000,000 per annum predicted by its framers. The war has been costing at the rate of $2,000,000 a day, so that even if it ends within a short time the war taxes will remain as a legacy for a considerable period.—Troy Times.

PASSING AWAY.

Business Men Are Buying War Bonds and Forgetting All About Free Silver.

There are many indications that the free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one, as a political issue, is passing. With Mr. Cable and other gold democrats on the democratic state committee in Illinois, by a vote of the convention, it is evident that a decided change has taken place. The report that a large majority of the state committee of Illinois is opposed to making sixteen to one an issue in 1900, but favors free coinage without any reference to the ratio, is entitled to credence. That is the common ground upon which the democracy of the country can get together in 1900. Those who call themselves democratic leaders in Indiana may not see it now, but they have never had the reputation of leading the procession.

There are other indications. The representative of an industrial paper published in Baltimore has recently been through the south to ascertain the sentiment of business men in reference to free silver and the ratio of sixteen to one. He reports that while those who make politics a business are professing undying devotion to Bryan and sixteen to one, the business men of the south, who represent its trade and industries, are opposed to the silver issue and are using their influence to repress the agitation of the question. The fact that a million people, including an element naturally timid, subscribed for five times as many bonds "payable in coin" as the government has called for without a question as to the meaning of the word is another evidence of popular feeling. If there had been any general fear that by the free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one the United States would pass to a silver basis there would have been no rush to subscribe for three per cent. bonds. Four years ago there was such a doubt that the government had to issue a four per cent. bond where it could have floated a three per cent. gold bond. Gold is no longer hoarded. Two years ago less than ten per cent. of the revenues were paid in gold. During the past few months from 75 to 78 per cent. of the customs duties were paid in gold. For months the treasury has been paying out nearly a million dollars a day in excess of the revenues, but even before the passage of the revenue and bond act that fact caused no uneasiness lest the gold in the treasury be drawn out by an "endless chain." During the past three months several financial papers, in analyzing the causes of general business activity, have declared that the general conviction in business circles that the coinage issue of Bryanism is dead and can never be galvanized into the appearance of life is the leading cause of the present generally improved business conditions.

In this state and some others the democrats will insist that sixteen to one is an issue now and will be in 1900, but leaders of discernment will have as little to say in advocacy of it as possible, knowing that in 1900 the silver issue with a sixteen to one proviso will not be emphasized in the national democratic platform. The electoral vote of New York, which Tammany will promise, and which the democrats must have in order to win, is of more importance than the electoral votes of the silver-producing states twice over. Besides, the silent conviction of the country against sixteen to one is much more positive now than it was in November, 1896.—Indianapolis Journal.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

☞When the southern soldiers get back from this war and resume voting there are likely to be some surprises in the anti-McKinley camp.—San Francisco Chronicle.

☞Col. Bryan ought to be sent right down to Santiago to reason with those native merchants who refuse to have anything to do with American silver dollars.—Chicago Record.

☞The dudes and the millionaires have made a report in this war, but Eugene V. Debs, Gen. Coxey and a few more such "patriots" are yet to be heard from.—Iowa State Register.

☞A little more than three months hence a new house of representatives will be elected. In 1896 Missouri sent 12 democrats to congress, but it will not happen again. Missouri will not be caught twice by the pullbacks.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The silverites will have something to think about when they hear of American dollars made of silver going at 50 per cent. of their face value. There is a lesson in that worth more than a ream of arguments.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

☞This country has found President McKinley a safe man to trust. It has trusted him all through this war, and it trusts him now. He will consent to no terms of peace with Spain which will not do honor and justice to the government of which he is the chief executive.—Baltimore American.

☞The administration at Washington may be trusted to pursue a wise and just course. And meanwhile it is well to bear in mind, in the face of democratic opposition to "imperialism," that there is on record abundant precedents showing democratic authority for taking territory "and no questions asked."—Troy Times.

☞The main cause of the present prosperity is doubtless to be found in the disappearance of what was the main cause of the panic in 1893 and of the stagnation of subsequent years—the "free silver" specter. Its disappearance, or decline, from the position of a dominant issue, menacing every interest, is the cardinal factor of the revived confidence of which we see so many signs. It is felt now on every hand that "silver is dead" and enterprise in consequence now lifts its head.—Baltimore Sun.

THE PROTOCOL'S TERMS.

A Synopsis of the Document that Puts an End to the Conflict with Spain—Two Commissioners Provided for.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The protocol signed Friday by Secretary Day and M. Cambon provides:

1.—That Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over the title to Cuba.

2.—That Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies and an island in the Ladrones, to be selected by the United States, shall be ceded to the latter.

3.—That the United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

4.—That Cuba, Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated, and that commissioners to be appointed within ten days shall, within 30 days from the signing of the protocol, meet at Havana and San Juan, respectively, to arrange and execute the details of the evacuation.

5.—That the United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace. The commissioners are to meet at Paris not later than October 1st.

6.—On the signing of the protocol, hostilities will be suspended and notice to that effect will be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

The above is the official statement of the protocol's contents as prepared and given to the press by Secretary Day.

While the document is properly enough described as a protocol, it is still something more than that. It is an agreement midway between that and the armistice which usually intervenes between active war and final peace. So far as it goes this protocol is absolutely a peace treaty. Thus, having provided for the disposition of Cuba, Porto Rico and one of the Ladrone islands there is nothing more for a peace commission to do in relation to these subjects; their fate is sealed and the protocol in that respect is as binding as any definite treaty of peace. It was such a protocol as this that was signed by President Thiers and Prince Bismarck to terminate the Franco-Prussian war.

The protocol provides for two commissions. First, the peace commission which will meet in Paris, and second, a military commission, which will meet in Havana probably within 15 days. The military commission's duties will be of great importance. It will settle the details of the evacuation of the Spanish armies from the West Indies and will decide all questions relative to the United States of the fortresses at Havana, San Juan and other points and the transfer of possession of Manila City itself.

HOSTILITIES CEASE.

Orders Are Sent to Naval and Military Commanders to Call Off the Dogs of War—Blockades Raised.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The president has issued the following proclamation:

Whereas, By a protocol concluded and signed August 12, 1898, by William R. Day, secretary of state of the United States, and Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the republic of France at Washington, respectively representing for this purpose the government of the United States and the government of Spain, they have formally agreed upon the terms upon which negotiations for the establishment of peace between the two countries shall be undertaken; and

Whereas, It is in said procotol agreed that upon its conclusion and signature hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended, and that notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

Now, Therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do, in accordance with the stipulations of the protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given through the proper channels to the commanders of the military and naval forces of the United States to abstain from all acts incinsistent with this proclamation.

In witness whereof, I have hereupto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 12th day of August, in the year of our Lord 1898, and of the independence of the United States, the 123d. WILLIAM McKINLEY.

In accordance with the proclamation issued by the president suspending hostilities, orders were issued last evening to the naval commanders at the several stations in the United States, Cuba and the Philippines, carrying into effect the directions of the proclamation. The navy department not only transmitted the president's proclamation in full to the several commanders-in-chief, but also directions as to the disposition of their vessels. The following orders are self-explanatory:

"Navy Department, Washington, Aug. 12.—Sampson, Santiago: Suspend all hostilities. Blockade of Cuba and Porto Rico is raised. Howell is ordered to assemble vessels at Key West. Proceed with New York, Brooklyn, Indiana, Oregon, Iowa and Massachusetts to Tompkinsville. Place monitors in a safe harbor in Porto Rico. Watson transfers his flag to Newark and will remain at Guantanamo. Assemble all cruisers in safe harbors. Order marines north in Resolute.

"ALLEN, acting secretary."

The notification to Admiral Dewey was not made public, but Assistant Secretary Allen stated that besides being put in possession of the president's proclamation he was ordered to cease hostilities and raise the blockade of Manila.

They Want a Slice of Stewart's Millions.

New York, Aug. 13.—Application was made yesterday to Judge Smith in the supreme court at Brooklyn, on behalf of Mary Agnes Carroll, aged 19 years, and James Carroll, 17 years, to allow them to sue as poor persons. The Carrolls want to bring an action against Henry Hilton, who they claim has possession of property of the late Alexander T. Stewart, the millionaire dry goods merchant, which belongs to them. They also want to sue various beneficiaries under the Stewart will. They claim to be Stewart's rightful heirs.

Your Liver

needs coaxing, not crowding. Dr. Ayer's Pills stand without a rival as a reliable medicine for liver complaint. They cure constipation, and they cure its consequences, piles, biliousness, indigestion, sick headache, nausea, coated tongue, foul breath, bad taste, palpitation, nervousness, irritability, and many other maladies that have their root in constipation. They are a specific for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, and keep the body in a condition of sound health.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—JAMES QUINN, 90 Middle Street, Hartford, Conn.

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THREE HAPPY WOMEN.

A Trio of Fervent Letters to the Sympathetic Friend of Her Sex.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.

Each Letter Tells in a Different Way of Agonies Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Before using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my health was gradually being undermined. I suffered untold agony from painful menstruation, backache, pain on top of my head and ovarian trouble. I concluded to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound, and found that it was all any woman needs who suffers with painful monthly periods. It entirely cured me.

MRS. GEORGIE WASS,
923 Bank St., Cincinnati, O.

I sat right Lydia E. and Liver I feel like a is a thing of the Vegetable for me.

For years I had suffered with painful menstruation every month. At the beginning of menstruation it was impossible for me to stand up for more than five minutes, I felt so miserable. One day a little book of Mrs. Pinkham's was thrown into my house and down and read it. I then got some of Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Pills. I can heartily say that to-day new woman; my monthly suffering the past. I shall always praise Compound for what it has done

MRS. MARGARET ANDERSON,
363 Lisbon St., Lewiston, Me.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me of painful menstruation and backache. The pain in my back was dreadful, and the agony I suffered during menstruation nearly drove me wild.

Now this is all over, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's medicine and advice.—MRS. CARRIE V. WILLIAMS, South Mills, N. C.

The great volume of testimony proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safe, sure and almost infallible remedy in cases of irregularity, suppressed, excessive or painful monthly periods.

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

PROGRESSIVE IMPRESSIONS OF AGUINALDO.

As We Have Pictured Him in Our Imagination in the Last Four Months.

WILL MOVE TO NEW CAMPS.

The War Department Orders Regiments Now Stationed at Southern Points to Go North.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Adjt. Gen. Corbin has isued the following statement:

The secretary of war has ordered one division of the First army corps from Chattanooga to Knoxville, Tenn., and another division of the same corps from Chickamauga to Lexington, Ky. A division of the Fourth corps, now at Tampa, has been ordered to Huntsville, Ala. The Second division (Gen. Davis) of the Second army corps, now at Manassas, Va., has been ordered to Middletown, Pa. The advisability of marching the troops from Chickamauga to Knoxville and Lexington is under consideration.

The division ordered to Knoxville is the Second and consists of the following regiments: Thirty-first Michigan, First Georgia, Sixth Ohio, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana, First West Virginia, Second Ohio, First Pennsylvania and Fourteenth Minnesota. The Third division ordered to Lexington consists of the Twelfth Minnesota, Fifth Pennsylvania, Eighth Mississippi, Twenty-first Kansas, Twelfth New York, Ninth Pennsylvania, Second Missouri and First New Hampshire.

The troops of the Fourth corps ordered from Tampa to Huntsville, Ala., are the Third Pennsylvania, One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana, Fifth Ohio, Second New York, Thirty-third Michigan, Sixty-ninth New York and Third Ohio.

The troops of the Second corps ordered from Manassas to Middletown, Pa., are the One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Indiana, Thirty-second Kansas, Third New York, Sixth Pennsylvania, Fourth Missouri, Seventh Illinois, First Rhode Island, Third Missouri and Second Tennessee.

The First Ohio and Fifth cavalry are ordered from Tampa to Montauk Point.

The Fourth Kentucky has been ordered from Lexington to Jacksonville and attached to the Seventh corps.

The movement of these troops is in accordance with the plans of the war department to break up the large camps and spread the troops about the country.

ON THE HEIGHTS.

Spaniards Occupy a Strong Position on the Road to San Juan—American Advance Checked.

Coamo, Porto Rico, August 11.—Troop C, of New York, pursued the fleeing Spanish engineers after the capture of Coama on Tuesday, a distance of four miles along the road to Aibonito. The Americans were checked at the Cuyon river, where the Spaniards had blown up the bridge, and were shelling from a Spanish battery on the crest of Asoninte mountain. The dismounted cavalry returned the fire, receiving no damage and holding the position. A battalion of the Third Wisconsin volunteers came to their support.

Gen. Wilson's column is now resting, repairing the bridge and reconnoitering the enemy's position. There are formidable gorges on either side and the Spanish works are on the crests of mountains commanding the road. The Spaniards have several guns mounted, among them two machine guns sent back into the country from the torpedo boat destroyer Terror at San Juan. These positions it will be difficult to flank.

Lawton Will Succeed Shafter.

Washington, Aug. 11.—A department of the army to be known as the department of Santiago was erected last night. Gen. Henry W. Lawton is assigned to its command. Brig. Gen. Wood will continue in command of Santiago city. Gen. Shafter returns to this country with the Fifth army corps. He will be in command until he departs.

Another Disappointment.

Newport News, Va., Aug. 11.—After going aboard the transport Obdam yesterday, Col. Culver, commanding the Fifth Illinois regiment, received orders to disembark his men and wait further orders. The troops are now camped about the city. The ship's cargo of provisions remains intact, but she may be ordered to discharge it at any moment. There is a ton of mail at the post office to be sent to Porto Rico on the Obdam. One of the causes assigned for the delay is the strike of the Obdam's engineers for their pay.

A QUADRUPLE LYNCHING.

An Arkansas Mob Seizes Four Negroes Implicated in a Murder and Hangs Them Up—The Wife of the Murdered Man Suicides in Jail.

Clarendon, Ark., Aug. 11.—About midnight Tuesday night a mob of about 200 men visited the county jail and took out four negroes implicated in the assassination of John T. Orr on July 30, and hanged them to the tramway of the Halporn sawmill, which stands 100 yards in the rear of the jail. The four nanged were: Will Sanders, the one who fired the shot that killed Mr. Orr; Rilla Weaver, the mother of Sanders and the cook in the Orr household; Dennis Record, the "hoodoo doctor and conjurer," who tried to poison Orr with boiled snakeheads, and Manse Castle, who volunteered to do the job and gave it to Sanders. Miss Rachel Morris, accused of being an accessory before the fact, and Susie Jacobs, a negro woman, accessory after the fact, have skipped out.

Mrs. Orr, wife of the murdered man, was in the corridor of the jail when the mob entered. She had taken poison and died last night.

The negroes were hanged from the elevated tramway of the mill, where they remained until 9 a. m. yesterday. Great crowds viewed the grewsome sight of a woman and three men dangling six feet from the ground with tongues protruding and ropes cutting deep into their necks. The negroes seem to indorse the lynching and many of them are open in the expressions of satisfaction over the death of Dennis Record, whose arts of hoodoo and conjuring made him an object of fear to them.

It appears from letters received by Mrs. Orr, in the name of her cook, Rilla Weaver, through whom all the correspondence was conducted, that Mrs. Orr and Rachel Morris were to remain here until Mr. Orr's insurance money was collected and then go to New York, where they were to meet two men and form a theatrical company. Mrs. Orr was also in correspondence with other men. A letter said to be from Arthur O. Archer, mayor of Caldwell, O., addressed to Rilla Weaver, in which he states that he will meet her in September or October, came yesterday.

This letter is accompanied by a photograph of the "Real Kid Mayor," indorsed on the back, "Arthur to Lorilla." Lorilla is the negro woman who cooked for the Orrs. Apparently Mrs. Orr carried on correspondence in Lorilla's name.

Mrs. Orr was admitted to the first homes of the town, was given a prominent place in church work and every consideration generally accorded good people.

After the arrest of Mrs. Orr and the negroes, Mrs. Orr made a confession. She admitted that she had said to her cook that she wished her husband dead and that she would be willing to give $200 to anybody to kill him. But she said this was uttered while in a fit of anger and that she was innocent of any criminal intention. Mrs. Orr was Miss Mabel Parker, formerly of Wisconsin. A coroner's jury was impanelled and rendered a verdict that the deceased were killed by unknown parties.

Reinforcements for Merritt.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Gen. Merritt's force in the Philippines is to be increased by the 7,000 troops now at San Francisco, which will be sent as soon as transportation can be obtained, and 2,000 will go next week. The department has not sufficient transports at hand to convey the remaining 5,000 at present.

Five Typhoid Victims Die.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 11.—Five privates, all volunteers, died Wednesday of typhoid fever in the hospital at Fort McPherson. There are now 618 patients in the big hospital here. Of these 400 are suffering from typhoid fever.

Japs Offer Aid to Insurgents.

London, Aug. 11.—The ..ong Kong correspondent of the Daily Mail says: A delegation from the Philippine junta has informed United States Consul Wildman here that certain officers of two Japanese cruisers which have since gone from Manila, had a conference with the junta last Saturday, in the course of which they asserted that they were authorized by the Japanese government to offer to supply Gen. Aguinaldo with arms and ammunition gratis in the event of America abandoning the Philippines and the insurgents wishing to fight for freedom.

DARING DEEDS.

Crew of the Gunboat Bancroft Renders a Gallant Account of Itself in Fights with the Enemy.

Key West, Aug. 12.—One more name has been added to the small list of the navy's war victims. Emanuel Kourlouris, a coal passer on the gunboat Bancroft, was shot and killed during a sharp engagement with Spanish riflemen at a point of land jutting in Cortis bay, on the south coast of the province of Pinar Del Rio, on August 2. It is not known how many Spaniards' lives paid for his, but their loss was undoubtedly severe. The Bancroft was cruising about Cortis bay on blockade duty when a sail was seen close to land, about ten miles to the northward. The gunboat's steam launch was armed with a one-pounder and Lieut. Henry B. Wilson with 14 men carrying rifles was sent in to intercept the stranger. She turned out to be a Spanish schooner.

When first observed the Spaniard lay near the wreck of the Santo Domingo, recently sunk by the Eagle. By the time the steam launch reached that point the schooner had worked into a port and a party of Spaniards, including a body of soldiers, was attempting to haul her ashore. The launch stood boldly in and a brisk fire from her one-pounder scattered the crowd.

James Munroe, an apprentice, swam to the schooner and made a line fast to her, in order to pull her out. At the same time Valdemir Hohengreen, an ordinary seaman, dropped over the side of the launch and made for a pier where a small sloop-rigged boat was moored. The launch then commenced to haul off the schooner, but the line parted and while another was being run to her the Spaniards who had sought shelter in the woods poured in a murderous rifle fire. Koulouris, who was leaning over the side of the launch, was shot through the breast and fell dead. No one else was injured.

Instantly the men in the launch began a rapid return fire with their rifles, while Lieut. Wilson maneuvered the launch so as to take a line thrown by Hohengreen from the small boat, which he had shoved off from the pier. Her bow was pulled out and the one-pounder was opened on the ambuscade with such well-directed aim that the Spaniards were routed without a chance to return the American fire.

The next morning the Bancroft started for Sigunea bay, where the gunboat Maple had gone to blockade and sound out a passage. On August 4 Commander Clover, who was senior officer there, transferred his flag to the Maple while the Bancroft's boilers were undergoing repairs. He took the launch with him, under Ensign Vogelsang, still armed with her one-pounder. They proceeded to the northwest extremity of the Isle of Pines and there saw a sloop and a large schooner anchored in shore. The launch went in after them, but as soon as she was observed approaching the crews of the Spanish vessels took to their small boats.

The sloop was aground and toward this vessel Ensign Vogelsang headed the launch. As the latter drew near to the sloop, a party of Spaniards on shore opened fire on the Americans. Then the launch's gun again opened on the enemy. But before she had fired many shells the Maple opened fire with her 6-pounder and swept the brush-lined beach. While the dense foliage ashore gave the enemy a decided advantage, no Americans were hit. But it is safe to say that a large number of Spaniards were killed or wounded.

WAR CLOUD IN T E EAST.

Dispute Over Concessions Granted by China May Lead to Hostilities Between Russia and England.

London, Aug. 12.—The Pekin correspondent or the Times says: "Baron Vinck, the Belgian minister, on Wednesday sent a dispatch to the Chinese foreign office, asserting that Pavlox, the Russian charge d'affaires, and Gerard, the French minister, had joined him in urging the foreign office to disregard the attempt of the British minister, Sir Claude Macdonald, to prevent the ratification of the Pekin-Hankow contract. It is confidently asserted that despite the British endeavor to obtain a revision of the contract, an imperial decree will be issued forthwith for its ratification. The unfriendly role of the Belgian minister throughout merits the strongest condemnation."

In the house of commons yesterday Balfour, the first lord of the treasury and government leader, admitted that the statements in the Pekin dispatch to the London Times were substantially correct and said that the matter was engaging the serious attention of the government. This statement was received with cheers.

All the morning papers, including the supporters of the government, attack Lord Salisbury for weakness in dealing with the Chinese question. The Daily Chronicle says: "What is to be the result nobody can say. There is room for the gloomiest forebodings. Does the country realize that for want of a little foresight and firmness Great Britain may ere long be plunged into a colossal war? Such, without the least doubt, is the appalling possibility."

Paris, August 12.—The papers here are full of the significance of the Chinese question. The Matin says: "In China the greatest game in the world is being played and French intervention should be decisive."

Refused to Agree to Arbitration.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—The wage scale committees of the Window Glass Workers' association and manufacturers were in session yesterday, trying to settle the working rules for the coming season. The manufacturers a week ago granted an advance in wages, but the time of starting was left in dispute. Last night the manufacturers agreed to allow the co-operative factories to work nine months and the independent and association plants seven months, but refused to agree to the arbitration clause.

CAPTURED MAYAGUEZ.

Gen. Miles Reports Having Occupied a Porto Rican City After a Fight—A Hundred Dons Killed at Cape San Juan.

Washington, Aug. 12.—A dispatch has been received at the war department from Gen. Schwan, commanding a brigade under Gen. Miles in Porto Rico, saying that he had an engagement on Wednesday a few miles from Mayaguez with a large Spanish force in which two privates were killed and Lieut. Riley was wounded.

At 1 o'clock this morning the war department posted the following:

Ponce, Aug. 11.—Following from Schwan: "Immediately after repulse yesterday Spanish troops, joined by what were left in Mayaguez, moved in direction of Lares. Have sent scouts in that direction. My command entered Mayaguez Thursday morning.

"MILES."

New York, Aug. 12.—The Herald has the following from Cape San Juan, Porto Rico: There was a two hours' fight before daybreak on the 9th. Eight hundred Spaniards attempted to retake the lighthouse, which was guarded by 40 sailors, commanded by Lieut. Atwater. The Spaniards were driven back by shells from the Amphitrite, Cincinnati and Leyden. Refugees report that 100 Spaniards were killed. William H. Boardman, of the Amphitrite, of Lawrence, Mass., was seriously wounded.

A FIGHT WITH ROBBERS.

One of the Gang and a Member of a Sheriff's Posse Die with Their Boots On.

Breckinridge, Col., Aug. 13.—A hold-up took place here Friday in the Denver hotel, but owing to the alarm caused by the accidental discharge of a shotgun held by one of the three robbers, their movements were so hurried that they did not go through the safe and only secured about $50 in money from a till, several gold watches and other jewelry. Afterward Sheriff Detwiller and a posse encountered the robbers near Kokomo and a running fight took place. One of the robbers, Steve Ryan, is reported killed and another, Mantry, badly wounded. Charles Ryan was captured by the posse and another man named Ryan, suspected of being implicated in the robbery, is still at large, but is being pursued. Ex-Deputy Sheriff M. E. Conrad, one of the posse, was killed in the fight and Sumner Whitney, another member, was seriously wounded.

Business Bulletin.

New York, Aug. 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Prospects of peace have had a curious influence on business contracts, not quite explainable on common sense grounds. Orders unusual in number and size have been placed since Spain asked for peace. In some industries the gains have been large for about two weeks, while in some textile manufactures it has only begun to appear this week, but it involves a considerable increase in the working force. Crop prospects are more encouraging. In the iron and steel trade the demand for steel is so heavy that some of the biggest concerns have been buying.

Date for the Snake Dance Fixed.

Canon Diablo, Ariz., Aug. 13.—Indian runners from the Moki pueblos north of this point announce that the date for the snake dance to be held at the pueblo of Oroibi this year has been set for August 22. The snake dance is a prayer for rain, the Mokis dwelling upon the desert where crops are far from certain, and August is a critical period in their agriculture. A public dance occurs, participated in by priests, during which live snakes are carried in the mouth and otherwise familiarly handled. About one-third of the reptiles are rattlesnakes.

Monument to Key Dedicated.

Frederick, Md., Aug. 10.—Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star Spangled Banner," was honored Tuesday in this, his native city, by the dedication of a handsome monument erected to his memory. The preliminary ceremonies included a parade in which military and civic organizations from all parts of the state took part. When the procession reached the foot of the monument the order of exercises was proceeded with. This included prayer, music, an oration by Hon. Henry Watterson, of Kentucky, an address by Mrs. McLean, of New York, etc.

Schley and Sampson to be Promoted.

Washington Aug. 11.—The president has determined to recommend to congress that Acting Rear Admiral Sampson be advanced eight numbers and Commodore Schley six numbers. This will result in making each a rear admiral, but with Commodore Schley ranking immediately below Admiral Sampson. Capt. Clark, of the Oregon, will be recommended for an advance of six numbers in the captain's grade and Lieut. Commander Wainwright will go up eight numbers. Other promotions throughout the fleet will be recommended.

No More Doctors Wanted.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The following dispatch from Santiago was received Friday by Surgeon General Sternberg from Havard, chief surgeon: "Breakwater arrived Thursday. Received $1,000 from Paymaster Coffin. Had previously received $506 from Surgeon Appel. No money needed now. Immune soldiers and female nurses to be sent probably will be enough. No more doctors wanted."

Train Robbers Secure $2,800.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 12.—The incoming Omaha flyer on the Burlington road was held up at Dughill, two miles north of here, at 9 o'clock last night by five or six well armed men. After securing possession of the express car the robbers rolled the Adams Express Co.'s small safe out of the car door into a wagon and endeavored to haul it away. They abandoned their task, however, and dumped the safe out upon the highway. The safe was recovered two hours after the holdup and it is said that $2,800 was taken from it

WAR HAS ENDED.

Peace Protocol is Signed by Secretary Day and M. Cambon.

A Memorable Scene in the White House—President McKinley Thanks the French Ambassador for His Efforts in Bringing the Negotiations to a Successful Finish.

Washington, Aug. 13.—With simplicity in keeping with republican institutions, the war which has raged between Spain and the United States for three months and 22 days was quietly terminated at 4:23 o'clock Friday afternoon, when Secretary Day for the United States and M. Cambon for Spain, in the presence of President McKinley, signed a protocol which will form the basis of a definite treaty of peace.

There were rumors in the morning that over night the French embassy had received the long expected final instructions from Madrid, but these proved groundless, as it was not until 12:30 that the note began to come from Madrid in small lots. The state department was soon advised of the fact that the message was under transmission. At 2:45 o'clock Secretary Thiebaut, of the French embassy, appeared at the state department to inform Secretary Day that the ambassador was in full possession of the note, was fully empowered to sign the protocol for Spain, and only awaited the pleasure of the state department. He intimated that the ambassador would be pleased to have the final ceremony conducted in the presence of President McKinley, where the negotiations were begun.

Leaving the secretary of the embassy in his own office, Secretary Day visited the White House to learn the president's wishes in the matter. The latter accepted the suggestion and M. Thiebaut hastened to inform his principal that the president would receive him at the White House at 4 o'clock. At the appointed hour a rain storm prevailed, obliging all the parties to resort to carriages for transportation to the White House. Secretary Day came first with a large portfolio under his arm enclosing copies of the protocol and of the proclamation to be issued by the president stopping hostilities. He was accompanied by Assistant Secretary Moore, Second Assistant Secretary Adee and Third Assistant Secretary Cridler. They went into the cabinet room, where the president sat in waiting. He had invited to be present the assistant secretaries, Pruden and Cortelyou, and Lieut. Col. Montgomery.

When Ambassador Cambon reached the White House it was 3:55 o'clock. He and Secretary Thiebaut went direct to the library, adoining the cabinet room on the upper floor. At 4:05 they were announced to the party in the cabinet room and were ushered into their presence. After an exchange of courtesies, Assistant Secretary of State Cridler, on the part of the United States and First Secretary Thiebaut, on the part of Spain, retired to a window where there was a critical examination of the protocol.

It was prepared in duplicate at the state department, one copy to be retained by the United States government and the other to become the property of Spain.

Each copy of the protocol is arranged in double column, French and English, standing alongside for easy comparison as to the exactness of translation. The two copies are alike except that the one held by this government has the English text in the first column and the signature of Secretary Day ahead of that of M. Cambon, while the copy transmitted to Spain has French in the first column and the signature of M. Cambon ahead of that of Secretary Day.

The protocol sent to Spain was accompanied by the credentials issued by President McKinley, specially empowering the secretary of state to affix his signature to this document. The authorization was brief and in typewriting, save for the president's bold signature. Later the American copy of the protocol will be accompanied by the written credentials of M. Cambon.

The examination of the protocol was satisfactory and the document was handed to M. Cambon first and then to Secretary Day, who affixed signatures in that order to each side of the copies. Then the last detail in making the protocol binding was administered by Mr. Cridler, who attached the seal of the United States.

It was 4:23 when the final signatures were attached to the protocol. This was the first time a protocol or treaty had been signed at the White House. Acting Secretary Allen, of the navy department; Secretary Alger and Adjt. Gen. Corbin then appeared, having been summoned by the president and they were just in time to witness one of the most impressive features of the ceremony, when the president requested the hand of the ambassador and through him returned thanks to the republic of France for her good offices in bringing about peace. He also thanked the ambassador personally for the important part he has played in this matter and the latter replied in suitable terms. President McKinley then called for the proclamation which he had caused to be drawn up suspending hostilities and signed it.

Parliament is Prorogued.

London, Aug. 13.—In the house of commons Friday questions on the subject of China elicited little information. The government leader, Mr. Balfour, declined to pledge the government to prevent the ratification of the Franco-Belgian Pekin-Hankow concessions, but promised that in the event of British capitalists purchasing railroad concessions obtained by French or Belgian syndicates in the Yang-Tse-Kiang valley, her majesty's government will support them. Parliament was then prorogued until October 29.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUGHEY, President.

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE

IN

EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES, BRANDIES, GINS AND WINES,

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Where you can get anything you want in the line of

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Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.

Bottler and Shipper of

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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

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JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for advance.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
WM. A. STONE, of Allegany.
For Lieutenant-Governor,
J. P. S. GOBIN, of Lebanon.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
JOSEPH W. LATTA, of Philadelphia.
For Judge of Superior Court,
WILLIAM M. PORTER, of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM D. PORTER, of Allegany.
For Congress-at-Large,
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Erie.
For Representative in Congress,
HON. CHARLES W. STONE, of Warren.
For President Judge,
B. W. GREEN, of Cameron,
[Subject to the decision of the Republican District Convention.]

An Issue of "Imperialism."

The Democratic party, both in State and nation, is hard pressed for an issue, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. The old delusion that the price of silver is now acknowledged to be but the disordered fancy of a diseased imagination. Free silver is worn out and a silver agitator could not command a corporal's guard of listeners. The free trade humbug is as dead as the fallacy that fifty cents will buy as much as a dollar. Driven from pillar to post, the distracted Democratic leaders are now raising the cry of "imperialism."

Imperialism, is it? And what is imperialism? Why, it is nothing more or less than a very creditable belief on the part of most American citizens that we should not give up the territory which we have captured and retire into our own shell.

We need the Hawaiian Islands. After the experience we have had in the Pacific, and after we have put the value of the islands to a full test we have annexed them. This is imperialism. They are necessary to our safety and are of great importance strategically; but according to the Democratic cry those who hold to this view are imperialists.

Puerto Rico comes to us because it is not safe to permit any Spanish stronghold to remain in the West Indies. The island will become a naval outpost. It may prove to be invaluable. Every argument favors its absorption by us. But this is imperialism.

At the cost of a large sum of money and the loss of some lives, troops have been sent to the Philippines and have made a landing near Manila. By this time the city itself may have fallen. On the way over we have taken one of the Ladrone Islands as a naval station. Manila is but three or four days from Hong Kong. The Philippines fence in the China Sea on the east and are a gateway to Hong Kong and Canton. The European nations are contending for Chinese territory and for the extension of trade, and in the midst of their fierce struggles, thus far peaceable, but threatening war at any time, we find ourselves occupying a most important point, with China almost alongside. Yet to advocate the retention of the Philippines is to advocate imperialism.

Imperialism, is it? And we shouldn't keep the Philippines? Then let us be consistent. Let us be consistent. Let us send for Spain and say to her: "Here take back Florida We should not have taken it for that was imperialism." And let us send for France and say to her: "Here is the great Louisiana purchase. We give it back to you. To retain it is imperialism." And then let us call in Mexico and turn over to her Texas and California, and beseech Russia to resume sovereignty over Alaska and the Aleutian Islands. Every step toward territorial expansion in these directions is just as much imperialism as is the absorption of Puerto Rico and Manila.

It is the very height of absurdity, this meaningless cry of imperialism that Bryan and Bailey and other Democratic leaders are raising. We are not looking for trouble with foreign nations, and we are going upon the war path for the sake of conquest, but we are looking for commercial expansion, and the eyes of all Europe are turned upon the commercial field that China offers. There is not an European power that would not jump at the chance of securing the Philippines. Their possession pushes us right into the commercial rivalry of the far east and gives us an important standing. With Hawaii, Guam and Manila we shall have a string of possessions and naval stations extending right across the Pacific, and they will all be useful and valuable to us and vastly more useful when the Nicarauga Canal is constructed.

The United States is too big to be governed by a narrow policy. Let us extend our commercial importance and not be turned aside even so much as a hair's breadth by the parrot like cry of imperialism, the last straw for the drowning Democratic leaders to grasp at.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15, 1898.

No other country ever did, and it is not likely that any other country ever will, in the short space of three months and a half fight such a remarkable war as the U. S. has just fought to a successful close. It was one line of successes, without even a single set back from Dewey's victory in Manilla Bay to the acceptance of the terms of peace, by the French Ambassador, authorized to act for Spain. Without detracting in the slightest degree from the honors a grateful country are paying the heroes who participated in the fighting, it is well to call attention to the fact that there is a man in Washington, to whose iron will and sleepless energy more credit is due for the glorious results and ending of the war than to any other single individual. That man is William McKinley, who has shown himself worthy to be the Chief Executive of the greatest and strongest nation that the world has ever seen, by gaining the admiration, love and confidence of our own people, and the respect of the entire civilized world. He has raised the United States to a higher position than it has ever occupied in the eyes of the world, and yet, he is as unostentatious as he was when serving in the house, and has no pride other than that which every man has who conscientiously performs his duty. Every American can point with pride to President McKinley and say to less favored nations: This is the sort of a man that a free country produces at need.

The members of the military commissions, that are to act with Spanish commissioners, at San Juan, Porto Rico, and Havana in arranging for the evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico, by Spanish troops, will be selected this week, but there is no special hurry about selecting the five peace commissioners that are to negotiate the formal treaty of peace between the U. S. and Spain, as the Commission will not meet until Oct. 1st, at Paris, and the President wishes time to select the very best men to be had.

All of the revenue cutters that were transferred from the Treasury Department to the Navy Department at the beginning of the war, have been ordered back into the Treasury Service, and they will, as fast as possible, resume their peaceful avocation of watching for violators of the tariff laws.

President McKinley took occasion in a letter declining an invitation from Gen. Breckenridge to review the troops at Chickamauga Park, because of his inability to get away from Washington, to say a few words that will do much to soften the bitter disappointment of the thousands of volunteers who had no opportunity to do any fighting. These words were: "The highest tribute that can be paid to the soldier is to say that he performed his full duty. The field of duty is determined by his government, and wherever that chances to be is the place of honor. All have helped in the great cause, whether in camp or battle, and when peace comes all will be alike entitled to the nation's gratitude."

Gov. Otero, of New Mexico, who is visiting Washington, said: "President McKinley's administration is immensely popular with us, and right here I want to say that New Mexico is as loyal and patriotic as any state or territory in the Union. Because many of our people are of Spanish descent, a lot of foolish stuff has been written accusing them of siding with Spain. A greater slander was never perpetrated. Our territory raised five companies of Rough Riders, three of which did magnificent service in the hard fighting in front of Santiago. The captain of one of them, Max Luna, of Spanish lineage, especially distinguished himself in the charge at San Juan. It was reported that he was killed, but he is very much alive, and it wouldn't be astonishing if his Republican friends insisted upon nominating and electing him to Congress."

None of the volunteers are likely to be mustered out of service for some time to come. This statement is made upon Secretary Alger's authority. While the matter has not been definitely determined, the Secretary thinks that the garrisons that will have to be maintained in Cuba and Porto Rico, will be made up entirely of volunteers, divided as far as possible between the troops of all the states, the regulars being returned to the forts and army posts from which they were taken. As yet, no one can do more than guess at the number of men we shall send to Cuba when the Spanish troops are withdrawn, and unless there is absolute necessity for sending them before, the President does not wish our troops to go until cool weather.

While there is no reason to believe that the present temporary peace will not be permanent, no chances are to be taken. Each vessel in our Navy, that is where it can be done, is to be thoroughly overhauled and put in first-class fighting condition as fast as the work can be done.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than L. Taggart who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in his line for his many customers. They now have the agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50c. and $1. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

In Japan coins are generally of iron, and in Siam they are chiefly of porcelain.

LIST OF CAUSES.

LIST OF CAUSES SET DOWN FOR TRIAL at September Term of Court, 1898, commencing on Monday, September 5, 1898.

No. 63, May Term, 1895.
Frank Moon vs Charles W. Hall.
G. W. Huntley, Jr., for Plff.
B. W. Green, C.W. Shaffer, for Deft.

No. 27, February Term, 1896.
H. S. Crissman vs James O. Jordan.
Johnson & McNarney, for Plff.
B. W. Green, C. W. Shaffer, for Deft.

No. 98, September Term, 1896.
Durell B. Johnson vs George B. Barclay and Charles F. Barclay, trading as Barclay Bros.
B. W. Green, C. W. Shaffer, for Plff.
Johnson & McNarney, for Deft.

No. 1, May Term, 1897.
J. Frank Craven vs G. F. Balcom and W. F. Lloyd, doing business as Balcom & Lloyd and E. H. Marshall.
B. W. Green, C. W. Shaffer, for Plff.
Johnson & McNarney for Defts.

No. 72, September Term, 1897.
Levi E. Gibbs vs Grant S. Wiley, Administrator of J. S. Wiley, deceased.
G. W. Huntley, Jr. for Plff.
B. W. Green, C. W. Shaffer, for Dft.

No, 5, December Term, 1897.
Isaac Lewis vs Elias Barton, Roy Chadwick.
Johnson & McNarney, for Plff.
J. H. Calkins, for Deft.

No. 6, February Term, 1898.
Charles M. Vail to use of Elk Tanning Company, a corporation, vs S. S. Hacket.
B. W. Green, C. W. Shaffer, for Plff.
S. W. Smith, for Deft.

No. 1, September Term, 1898.
Joseph F. Craven, late supervisor of Shippen Townsnip vs Shippen Township.
B. W. Green, C. W. Shaffer, for Plff.
F. D. Leet for Deft.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Prothonotary.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cameron county, and to me directed, I have seized, levied upon and taken into execution and will expose for sale to the highest and best bidder at public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in Emporium, Cameron county, on

Friday, 2d Day of Sept., A. D., 1898,

AT 2:00 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The following described real estate, to-wit:

ALL that certain lot of land situate in the township of Grove, county of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a white pine, the north corner of Warrant No. 4139; thence east by the north line of said warrant five hundred and twenty-five (525) rods to a chestnut; thence south three hundred and twenty (320) rods to a hemlock; thence west five hundred and twenty-five (525) rods to a maple; thence north three hundred and twenty (320) rods to the place of beginning. Containing nine hundred and ninety and one-half acres, being Warrant forty-one hundred and thirty-nine in the name of Samuel Wallis.

Saving and excepting therefrom a piece of ground included in said warrant containing about three (3) acres lying on the west side of the Sinnemahoning Creek, heretofore conveyed to Jacob Y. Smith, by B. H. Taylor, a former owner of said tract.

Seized and taken into execution and to be sold as the property of JOHN HOLMES, at the suit of M. CATHERINE INGHAM.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 8th, 1898.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cameron county, the undersigned Administratrix of the estate of Henry F. Swoope, deceased, will sell at public sale to the highest bidder, at the Court House, Emporium, Cameron county, Pa., on

Friday, September 2d, 1898,

AT 2:00 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The following described real estate, to-wit: All those certain lots of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Driftwood, county of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Being lots numbered 379 and 380 on the map or plan of Driftwood Borough, entitled map of Driftwood, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, surveyed for Sarah A. Bates in 1878 by Robert P. Fields, civil engineer, which said map is recorded or intended to be recorded. Said lots having a frontage of fifty feet each, making 100 feet in all on Second street as laid down on said map and running thence in parallel lines in an easterly direction about 125 feet to Ash street, as laid down on said map. Said lots being bounded on the easterly side by Ash street; on the westerly side by Second street; on the northerly side by lot No. 381 and on the southerly side by lot No. 378 and being the same lands conveyed to said J. O. Brookbank by Frank P. Simmonds and Amanda, his wife, by deed dated Nov. 22, A. D., 1890, said deed being recorded in Deed Book "K," page 279 of the records of Cameron county, Pennsylvania. Having erected thereon one two-story frame dwelling house, with usual outbuildings.

TERMS. One-half cash and one-half in three months, with interest, secured on the premises.

PRISCILLA SWOOPE,
Administratrix.

B. W. GREEN, C. W. SHAFFER, } Attorneys.
August 9, 1898.—it

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A CERTAIN WRIT of *Levari Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cameron county, Pa., and to me directed I have seized, levied upon and taken in execution and will expose for sale to the highest and best bidder at public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in Emporium, Cameron county, Pa., on

Friday, 2nd Day of Sept. A. D., 1898,

AT 2:00 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The following described real estate, to-wit:

ALL that certain lot of land with the appurtenances, situate in the Borough of Emporium, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, and numbered six hundred and twenty (620) in block eighty (80) in the general plan of said town, recorded in the Recorder's office of said county in Deed Book "D," page five hundred and fifty-six (556). Containing in front or breadth on the north side of Fifth street fifty (50) feet and extending of that width in length or depth at right angles with the said Fifth street to the northerly line of land of the Philadelphia and Erie Land Company. Bounded northward by land now or late of John T. Hertig; southward by Fifth street, eastward by lot No. six hundred and twenty-one (621), and westward by lot No. six hundred and nineteen (619) in said block eighty (80). Being the same land which was conveyed to Elizabeth Taylor by Josephine Condon and Charles T. Condon, her husband, by deed dated April 18, 1893, and recorded in Deed Book "N," page one hundred and fifty-six (156). The said Elizabeth Taylor having afterwards married Valentine Leadbetter, and being the said Elizabeth Leadbetter, one of the parties hereto.

Improvements: One two-story frame dwelling house, thirty-seven by twenty-seven (37x27) feet, also necessary out-buildings. Dwelling piped for water and gas.

Seized and taken into execution and to be sold as the property of ELIZABETH N. LEADBETTER and VALENTINE LEADBETTER, at the suit of the PENNSYLVANIA SAVINGS FUND and LOAN ASSOCIATION.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 1st, 1898.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Cameron county, Pa., and to me directed, I have seized, levied upon and taken into execution and will expose for sale to the highest and best bidder at public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in Emporium, Cameron county, on

Friday, 2nd day of Sept. A. D., 1898,

AT 2:00 O'CLOCK, P. M.

The following described real estate and property, to-wit:

ALL that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron, and State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post and the southwest corner of a certain lot of land belonging to J. C. Johnson, Esq., on the north side of Allegany Avenue; thence westerly along the line of Allegany Avenue (50) fifty feet to a post and the southeast corner of another certain lot of land belonging to above named J. C. Johnson, Esq.; thence northerly along the line of said lands of J. C. Johnson (150) one hundred and fifty feet to a post; thence easterly parallel with Allegany Avenue (50) fifty feet to the line of the first mentioned land belonging to J. C. Johnson; thence southerly along the line of lands belonging to said J. C. Johnson (150) one hundred and fifty feet to the place of beginning, be the same more or less and being lot No. (4) four as surveyed by Nathan Worley in 1872 together with improvements consisting of one two-story frame dwelling house thirty by twenty (30x20) feet, with wing attached, sixteen by twenty-five (16x25) feet; one barn sixteen by twenty (16x20) feet, and necessary outbuildings. Dwelling house piped for gas.

Seized and taken into execution and to be sold as the property of BRIDGET THOMAS at the suit of LEET & CO.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 1, 1898.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Cameron county, Pa., and to me directed, I have seized, levied upon and taken into execution and will expose for sale to the highest and best bidder at public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in Emporium, Cameron county, on

Friday, 2d Day of Sept. A. D., 1898,

AT 2:00 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The following described real estate and property, to-wit:

ALL that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and in the county of Cameron, Shippen township, bounded as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of Calvin Shepard's lot and running thence north on Shepard's line 64 rods to the northwest corner of said Shepard's lot on south bank of Four Mile Run; thence north 23 degrees east 47 rods to a post on side hill; thence north 60 degrees west 116 rods to post on side hill; thence south 60 degrees west 80 rods to a post on side hill on north side of Kimball branch of Four Mile Run; thence south to hemlock stump on south side hill of Kimball branch 60 rods; thence south 85 degrees east 49 rods to a lynn tree; thence south 62 degrees east 100 rods to a lynn tree; thence southeasterly to place of beginning. Containing 100 acres, strict measure, be the same more or less.

Reserving and excepting unto the said F. H. Goodyear all the petroleum, oil and gas, and minerals existing or being in or under the tract of land mentioned above, with the right of ingress, egress and regress at all times upon and from the said land for the purpose of digging, mining or carrying away the same and erecting any buildings or machinery which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes aforesaid, subject only to pay the said Richard Davy, his heirs and assigns for any part of the said land which may be permanently occupied by them for the purposes aforesaid a fair compensation for the surface of the land so taken and occupied.

Excepting and reserving also all that certain piece or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Shippen, county of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lands of Eldridge Gibbs, on the east by lands of said Richard Davy, on the south by lands of F. Goodyear, and on the west by lands of Mrs. Cynthia Kennison, containing sixty acres, more or less, and being a part of the above mentioned and described piece of land, conveyed by said Richard Davy to E.C. Davy and Clara E. Davy, by deed dated May 29th, 1893, and recorded in Deed Book, "N," page 32, etc.

Having erected thereon one one-story frame dwelling about 16x18 feet and one and one-half story frame barn about 18x24 feet, with wagon shed attached, about 12x24 feet. There is also an apple orchard upon this land. Also good water and usual outbuildings.

ALSO

ALL the right, title and interest of the said Richard Davy in and to all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Shippen township, Cameron county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Davy lot, running thence north twenty rods to stone heap; thence west ninety-five rods to stone heap; thence north 77 degrees west thirty-eight rods to hemlock; thence south 20¼ degrees west sixty rods to post; thence south 77 degrees east thirty-eight rods to stones, and thence east one hundred seventeen and five-tenths (117.5) rods to post on Davy's west line; thence north on said line thirty-six (36) rods to place of beginning. Containing fifty acres, more or less.

Excepting and reserving out of the above described piece of land unto Frank Goodyear and Joseph S. Goodyear and to their heirs and assigns all the petroleum, oil and gas, in or under said land and all rights incident thereto as reserved in deed from Goodyears to Cynthia A. Gilmore, dated May 29th, 1888, and recorded in Cameron county Deed Book "H," page 446, &c.

ALSO

ALL the right, title and interest of the said Richard Davy in and to all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in in the township of Shippen, county of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a post corner on the southeast corner of warrant eleven hundred and forty-four and running north one hundred and thirty-two (132) rods; thence north seventy-four west forty rods; thence north forty-seven west one hundred rods; thence north seventy-one west one hundreds rods; thence south forty-three west twenty-eight rods; thence south twenty-three west two hundred and forty rods to post; thence east on warrant line three hundred and nineteen rods to place of beginning. Same being a part of warrant eleven hundred and forty-four. Containing about three hundred and thirty-seven acres, more or less.

Seized and taken into execution and to be sold as the property of RICHARD DAVY, at the suit of MRS. J. S. WILEY.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 8th, 1898.

R. C. DODSON,

—THE—

Druggist,

EMPORIUM, PA.

JUST AN EXPERIMENT!

You can't afford to experiment with drugs. You should let us handle the medicines and be sure you are running no risk. Often much of the efficacy of a remedy is in your knowledge that it is just right and that it will do just what you want it to. You will surely have confidence in the remedy that comes from us.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

CAUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons cautioning them against trusting my wife, Bridget Thomas on my account, as I will not be responsible nor pay any bills of her contracting.

JAMES THOMAS.

Emporium, Pa., July 19th, 1898.—3t.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of the county of Cameron, to distribute the funds in his hands as Trustee, to make sale of the real estate of John F. Lewis, late of Shippen township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the Court House in the Borough of Emporium, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 25th day of August, 1898, when all persons interested can attend or be debarred from making exceptions thereafter.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Auditor.

Emporium, Pa., July 25th, 1898.

BEST
LAWN SPRINKLERS
MADE.
THE
"TWIN COMET," price $5
Delivered Free with privilege 5 days trial.

THESE SPRINKLERS ARE
UNIQUE, EFFICIENT AND LABOR SAVING
Will sprinkle four times greater area than any other Sprinkler made.

Can be seen in operation at the residence of the editor of this paper.

Send for CIRCULARS and TESTIMONIALS

J. B. FELLOWS & Co. 49 Warren St. NEW YORK.
E. STEBBINS Mfg. Co. Sole Agts. & Mfgs. SPRINGFIELD, Mass.

For sale by all Hardware and Rubber Stores in the United States.

AGENTS WANTED.
CAN MAKE BIG MONEY.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES INDIGESTION.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY.
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Spring and Summer Goods.

Ladies are invited to look at our new arrivals in Dress Goods, Likesilks, Silkolines Silk Gingham and Organdies, Black Brocade—absolutely fast black, Lace Curtains Window Laces, White Bedspreads, Fine Linen Damask Tablings, and Napkins to match, Ladies and Misses Muslin Underwear, in Night Dresses, Corset Covers, Skirts, also Ladies Wrappers and Babies Robes.

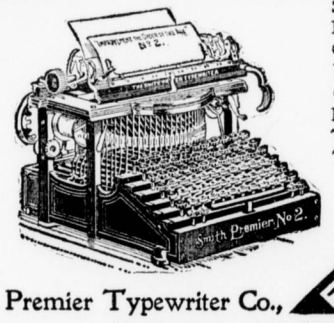
In the celebrated Black Cat Brand of the Leather Stockings, we keep a full assortment of sizes. These are unapproached for durability. Try them and you will always want them.

Ladies and Misses Ribbed Jersey Vests, from 10c up.
Note the address,

D. E. OLMSTED,
Near Odd Fellows Hall, East Fourth St.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER

MEETS EVERY REQUIREMENT OF A CRITICAL TYPEWRITER-USING PUBLIC. IT IS THE LEADER IN IMPROVEMENTS, THE MOST DURABLE MACHINE MADE, AND DAILY IN THOUSANDS OF OFFICES ALL OVER THE WORLD, CONTINUES TO PROVE ITSELF TO BE THE



Ask for Our New Art Catalogue

BEST VALUE WRITING MACHINE

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.,
8tf. 300 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ASK FOR THE BOOKLET ON "LIGHT" AND
Burn Crown Acme Oil.
GIVES THE BEST LIGHT IN THE WORLD AND IS ABSOLUTELY SAFE
Sold by The Atlantic Refining Company

Old Reliable Drug Store.

Owing to the very liberal patronage I have had from our people and in view of the hard times I will until MAY 1st, reduce the price of Physicians Prescriptions as follows, viz:

All 1 oz. mixtures, regular price, 20 to 15
All 2 oz. mixtures, reguiar price, 25 to 19
All 3 oz. mixtures, regular price, 35 to 25
All 4 oz. mixtures, regular price, 45 to 30
All 6 oz. mixtures, regular price, 65 to 50
All 8 oz. mixtures, regular price, 85 to 65

And a corresponding reduction on all packages of Powders, Pills, Ointments Also liberal discount on all Patent Medicines, Baby Foods, Perfumes, Toilet and Fancy Articles and extra liberal discount on Fountain Syringes, Hot Water Bottles, Atomizers and Nursing Bottles.

I will guarantee my goods to be strictly fresh and equal to any goods in the market.

Thirty years experience in the town of Emporium is sufficient evidence of competency. If you wish to avail yourself of the liberal offer, leave your Physician's Prescriptions and drug trade in general at the OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

L. TAGGART.

H. C. OLMSTED,

AT THE

Leading Dry Goods Store

Is still doing business and expects to be whether they strike gas or oil. My stock is complete in every line. - - - - - -

Dress Goods.

I have the largest and best assortment ever kept by me, which I am selling at VERY CLOSE PRICES. - - - - - -
Come and see the beautiful styles in Ladies Capes and Jackets, cheaper than you can buy the same in the large cities. Also Misses and Children's Jackets. - -

My Shoe Department

is well stocked with Ladies, Gentlemen's and Childrens wear. Cheaper in price not quality) than any exclusive Shoe House can afford to sell for. - - -

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY.

NOTIONS OF ALL SORTS.

It is not necessary to enumerate the many bargains I have for you. Come and see for yourselves. We will take pleasur in showing you them, whether you wish to buy or not.

Respectfully

H. C. OLMSTED.

ROCKWELL'S

DRUG STORE,

Next to Post-office, Emporium, Pa.

Fancy Stationery.

Just received the choicest invoice of Fancy Stationery, including Envelopes, Paper and Tourists Pads,

Toilet and Bath Goods.

My line of Toilet and Bath Goods includes a fine line of Soaps, Brushes, Sponges, etc.

ROCKWELL'S

DRUG -- STORE,

EMPORIUM, PA.

EMPORIUM

MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 2, 1898.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 25
Graham, "	65
Rye "	65
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	90
Chop Feed, "	90
Middlings, "	90
Bran, "	90
Corn, per bushel,	50
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, / Choice Timothy Seed, / Choice Millet Seed, / Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter, or personally.

B. W. Green is visiting his Tioga county farm.

Mrs. J. H. Ryan is visiting relatives in New York state.

Mr. Lewis White, of Pittsburg, is visiting relatives in town.

Wm. Hamilton transacted business in Emporium on Monday.

Mr. Judd Minick, of Ridgway, was in town the first of the week.

A. H. Farr, of this place, left yesterday on a business trip to Michigan.

Miss Martha Kaye, is spending a few days with relatives at Williamsport.

Mr. J. F. Parsons made a flying trip to Port Allegany, Tuesday morning.

Mrs. John Beattie and family, are visiting friends at Brockwayville this week.

Miss Olympia Clayton, of Baltimore, Md., is the guest of Miss Marian Larrabee.

J. A. Dice, of Cameron, made a flying business trip to the county seat, on Monday.

Will Kresge is much elated over the arrival, at his home, of a bouncing baby girl.

Mrs. O. F. Elwell is visiting her old school mate, Mrs. Lemuel Lucore, on the Portage.

Geo. Metzger, Sr., has been spending a few days with Coudersport friends the past week.

W. O. Downey left Monday afternoon for a ten day's visit with relatives, at Harrisburg.

Miss Nellie Condon, of Williamsport, is guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ayers, on Third street.

Mrs. Anna Gillan and son, of Philadelphia, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. S. S. Smith, this week.

Miss Nellie Lingle returned home Saturday evening from an extended visit with friends at Lock Haven.

Mr. Murphy, of Ridgway, was in Emporium on Tuesday, looking after his property recently injured by fire.

John E. Smith and M. C. Tulis attended the democratic Congressional convention at Warren, yesterday.

Miss Goldie Lyons returned Saturday from a visit with friends at Lock Haven, Tyrone and Hollidaysburg.

Mrs. D. B. Staten and daughter, Miss Jolena Staten, of Milford, Del., are the guests of D. W. Felt and family.

Thos. McDonough, clerk in the Buffalo post office, visited his parents in Emporium on Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Hamilton returned Saturday from a visit with friends at Tyrone, Altoona and Hollidaysburg.

E. E. Rhodes and Ed. McSwan, former residents of this place, came over with the Austin band yesterday.

Mr. Robert Mulhern, formerly operator at the junction, was calling on his numerous friends in town, Wednesday.

A number of friends made Mrs. E. S. Hitchcock a birthday visit Monday evening and remembered her in a very substantial manner.

Mrs. Jas. Higgins and wife, of Austin, were in Emporium Tuesday night, on their way to Ridgway to attend the Firemen's Convention.

Miss Rose Bair, of Emporium, arrived in Olean this morning and is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Weisman, of First street.—Olean Democrat.

Our old friend J. Vine Hanscom came up last Thursday from Sinnemahoning, and attended the meeting of the Republican county committee.

Misses Hattie and Edna Auchu, who have been spending the summer with Williamsport relatives, arrived home on Niagara Express Saturday evening.

C. H. Edwards has been sick for several days, threatened with typhoid fever. Dr. Bardwell is attending him and has succeeded in breaking up the fever.

Mr. Wm. Bair has resigned his position at Indiana, Pa., and returned to Emporium, Saturday evening, where he will enter the employ of J. B. Schriever.

Mr. Edward W. Rote and wife, of Lock Haven, were visiting friends and relatives in town the first part of the week, guests of Walter Clark and family on Third street.

Rev. E. B. Palmer, D. D., of Philadelphia, will (D. V.) preach in the Baptist church next Sunday, August 21st, at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Dr. Palmer is a very fine preacher. Go hear two good sermons.

D. Bachelder and wife, of Galion, O., and Wm. Howard and wife of Williamsport, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. Warner for the past few days, and on Tuesday, in company with a number of Emporium friends, they pic-niced at Sizerville. Mr. and Mrs. Bachelder returned to their home yesterday morning.

Geo. Walker, Jr., left Friday evening on a visit to friends at Shippensburg. He will meet his sister, Miss Grace, who is visiting there, and both will spend a few days with relatives and friends at Scranton and other towns.

Sheriff Frank Mundy while in town Tuesday made this office a pleasant call. Mr. Mundy is a square dealing gentleman and a capable officer.—Driftwood Gazette. Right you are, Joe. Sheriff Mundy attends strictly to business.

Mr. C. A. Miller, of Philadelphia Pa., who is stopping at Sizerville for a few weeks, testing the curative properties of the mineral water, paid a visit to the PRESS office last Saturday, in company with Mr. E. E. Burlingame.

U. S. Marshall Fred S. Leonard, and Deputy Marshall, Dr. J. W. Snyder, were in Emporium Monday evening, on their way to Pittsburg.

Prof. H. F. Stauffer, departed last evening for Palmyra, Pa., to attend the funeral of a brother-in-law.

Mr. W. W. Taylor, of Buffalo, was circulating among Emporium friends the first of the week.

Mrs. C. W. Shaffer has been seriously ill for several days.

Pressed Bricks.

Twenty-five persons were received into the Methodist church last Sunday.

Rev. G. W. Faus will preach in the M. E. Church next Sunday morning and evening.

On account of wet grounds the M. E. Sunday School picnic is postponed until next week. SUPT.

We have a few of those white, soft hats, with red bands, left and will close them out at cost, at Soble's.

The Ithaca Conservatory of Music remembers the PRESS by sending us a beautifully printed and illustrated catalogue.

The auditors report of the condition of the Emporium Poor Fund, also of the finances of Emporium Borough will be found on the 8th page.

You can never expect your boy to be happy and contented until he has one of those Dewey suits. They are going at Soble's at $1.50 only.

We are in receipt of an article, in neat pamphlet form, on the trade of Puerto Rico, from Senator Penrose. It is a very interesting little volume.

Mrs. David Hamilton is building an addition onto one of her Fourth street dwelling houses and also making other improvements on her tenement properties.

The Emporium Fire Department will carry one of the handsomest and most artistic banners seen at Ridgway to-day. It was made under the direct supervision of Chief Schriever and is a "beaut."

If you want to see a neat, stylish hat, drop in at Soble's and examine their newest shapes in the Howard and Rossmore makes. They are popular and will be worn a great deal this fall and winter.

Ballard's Snow Liniment cures rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, sick headache, sore throat, cuts, sprains, bruises, old sores, corns and all pain and inflamation. The most penetrating liniment in the world. Try it, 50c. L. Taggart.

The Westport Bicycle Track Association will hold races on Labor Day, Sept. 5th. Entries will close with Monday, Aug. 29th. Application blanks may be obtained of

DR. J. K. GILMORE,
Westport, Pa.

The following delegates of the different fire companies of Emporium are attending the Northwestern convention at Ridgway: Rescue Hook and Ladder Co., D. C. Hayes; Mountaineer Hose Co., J. B. Schriever; Citizen Hose Co., Henry Wheaton; Hamilton Hose Co, C.C. Richie.

The Baptist Sunday school, chartered Fry's "shoo fly" and went to Sizerville, Tuesday, for their annual picnic. The weather was fine and nothing occurred to mar the festivities of the day They returned at seven in the evening after having spent a delightful time at the Springs.

Frank Moon, the genial, good natured member of the Shippen school board, was around town Tuesday evening, exhibiting an early variety of onions to his friends. Frank has great faith in the medicinal properties of this popular vegetable, and impressed all whom he interviewed with the strength of his argument.

A large number of Austin's fire laddies accompanied by the Austin Cornet Band, arrived in town on train 102 on W. N. Y. & P., Wednesday noon, They are a jolly set of boys and amused themselves during the wait for the evening train to Ridgway, by strolling about on our streets and taking in the sights. They favored our citizens with several fine selections of music before leaving town. We noticed two former members of Emporium band with them—Henry Ayers and E. E. Rhodes.

You will find the most complete line of men's and boys' clothing at N. Seger's clothing house, to be seen outside of the larger cities.

R. Seger returned from New York City on Monday, where he purchased an elegant line of goods for his fall trade. His customers may look for a treat in the way of one of the finest displays of men's suitings ever seen in Emporium.

School will commence in a few days and your boy ought to have a neat, durable suit, in order that he may present a clean, tidy appearance in the school room. Take him to N. Seger's, who has something to please you, at very low prices.

The luxuries of a trip to the Sea Shore during the heated month of August can be fully realized at a minimum cost by taking the Pennsylvania Railroad Excursion, Thursday, August 18th. Atlantic City is the most accessible point as it can be reached without transfer through Philadelphia by purchasing tickets via the Delaware River Bridge Route, the only all rail line from points in Pennsylvania.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company gives a choice of seaside points for Excursion Thursday, August 18th: Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood or Holly Beach. Atlantic City being the most popular takes the crowd. Passengers desiring to go through same day can avoid the transfer through Philadelphia by taking the Delaware River Bridge Route, the only all rail line from points in Pennsylvania.

Emmanuel Church.

In response to the appeal from the Associate Red Cross Society of Philadelphia for contributions in aid of the relief work in Cuba, a special offering for that purpose will be received in Emmanuel church next Sunday morning, Aug. 21.

J. M. ROBERTSON, Rector.

Nominated Joe Sibley.

The Democratic cogressional conferees of this 27th congressional district met at Warren yesterday and nominated Joseph C. Sibley, of Franklin, the rampant, free silver-prohibitionist-middle of the road "pop"-or anything, as a candidate for congress against Hon. C. W. Stone.

A Basket Picnic at Portage

The W. N. & P. Ry. will run one of their popular week-day Family Excursions to Portage Falls, Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Special train will leave Emporium at 7:30 a. m. Fare, $1.00. Children 5 to 12 years of age half fare. Fill your lunch basket, take your family and spend a delightful day at Glen Iris.

Over six hours at Portage and home at an early hour.

Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Toronto Excursion.

On Tuesday, August 30th, the W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run a grand double excursion to Niagara Falls and the Toronto Fair. Special train will leave Emporium at 8:30 a. m. Fare, Niagara Falls and return $2.50 Toronto and return $3.50. Train will arrive at Buffalo 12:30; Niagara Falls 1:15; Lewiston 1:45 p. m., where Toronto passengers will take one of the Niagara Navigation Co.'s Palace Steel steamers, giving a sail of eight miles to the mouth of the Niagara River, and forty miles across Lake Ontario to the Queen City of Canada.

Returning, Niagara Falls tickets will be good for passage on special train leaving Niagara Falls 7:15; Buffalo 8:30 p. m., Tuesday, August 30th, and on all regular trains August 31st. Toronto tickets good on all steamers and trains on or before Saturday, Sept. 3d. There are five steamers daily except Sunday between Toronto and Lewiston.

The Great Toronto Fair and Exposition will be held August 29th to September 10, and promises to be bigger than ever this year. Do not miss it. General admission only 25c. Nothing like it in America. Absolutely the cheapest outing you can take, and the most entertainment for the money.

Are you Troubled with Dyspepsia?

If so, do not neglect until it is too late this opportunity of ridding yourself of this trouble. Dr. Fenner's Dyspepsia Cure, as the name implies, is simply for Dyspepsia and Indigestion. This is a preparation long and successfully used in private practice by one of America's best qualified physicians, who is an accepted authority on all medical questions. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.
v31-n40-1y

For Sale,

English Setter Pups, from three different litters. All thoroughbreds and some exceptionally fine specimens among them, from fine hunting stock. They are guaranteed to please purchaser, or no sale.

W. A. McCLELLAN,
Arden, N. Y.
Care Arden Farm Dairy Co. 23-2m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of DUNCAN S. McDONALD, deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of Duncan S. McDonald, late of the Borough of Emporium, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Benjamin W. Green, residing in said Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

BENJAMIN W. GREEN.
Executor.
Emporium, Pa., August 18th, 1898.—25-6

Baby Mine!

Every mother feels an indescribable dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal make its anticipation one of misery.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

is the remedy which relieves women of the great pain and suffering incident to maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is removed by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness nausea and other distressing conditions are avoided, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** *It is a blessing to woman.*

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address, upon application, by **The BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.**

WEAR
Royal Worcester Corsets.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

WILLIAMS' TANSY PILLS

A SURE RELIEF TO WOMAN for all troubles peculiar to her sex. Send by mail or from our Agent. $1.00 per box.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.
For sale by R C. Dodson.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

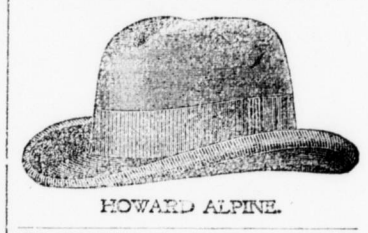
JUST RECEIVED

An elegant line of

Hats.

The newest styles for Fall and Winter.

HOWARD STYLE.



HOWARD ALPINE.

We would like to inform the people of Emporium and vicinity, that we have taken the agency for the celebrated Rossmore and Howard Hats, as well as Freeman's "Reliable." We have a rare selection to choose from and any who desire a neat, stylish hat, will do well to call and see us.

Be patriotic by wearing a patriotic hat. We have them.

GEN. SHAFTER HATS,
FITZHUGH LEE HATS,
DEWEY'S "ALPINE STYLE.
SCHLEY'S STIFF HATS.

Also many others of the newest shapes that can't help but please you.

Finest Clothing.

JOHN J. SOBLE,

CLOTHIER AND
MEN'S OUTFITTER.

Opposite Post-office, Emporium, Pa.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

Our line of Groceries is complete. Our aim is to purchase nothing but the best and keep our stock fresh. Come and examine our goods.

Our shoes are from the best manufactures in the country. They comprise all the latest styles and colors in footwear.

Our lines of linens and domestics are carefully selected from large stocks and are the best goods for the money obtainable. If in need of such goods give us a trial.

Our notion department is made up of only reliable goods at medium prices. Examine and let us name you prices.

Our stock of Fall and Winter Clothing has arrived. In it you will find all the latest cloths. Call and examine before line is broken.

- - -

We have shirts and lots of them at all prices. Let us show them to you and name our prices.

If you want to save money, give us a call. We defy competition. All goods guaranteed.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

A WOODLAND SUMMONS.

Maiden frank and free,
Leave the town with me;
Leave the city for the woodlands,
For the fields of emerald corn,
For the meads with running streamlets
Singing praises to the morn;
For the hills that bound the distance,
Crowned with purple diadems;
For the sunshine on the dewdrops,
Decking trees and plants with gems.

Maiden sweet and fair,
Young and debonair;
Leave the city's smoke and hurry,
Never-ceasing toil and pain,
Noisy streets and noisome alleys,
Love of gold and greed of gain,
Where the soul is cribbed and cabined,
Where the heart has lack of room,
Where the ghosts of want and hunger
Stalk around in robes of gloom.

Maiden dear and free,
Nature here we see—
Nature in her robes of beauty,
Glowing in her summer dress,
Free from artificial fetters,
Free from sorrow and distress.
Soothed by sound of running waters,
Charmed by humming of the bees,
Let us rest within the shadows
Of the grand primeval trees.

—Thomas Dunn English, in N. Y. Independent.

PART III.

CHAPTER XIII.—CONTINUED.

The captain was too bright to be in the way. He whipped out of sight in a moment, leaving Silver to arrange the matter; and I fancy it was as well he did so. Had he been on deck, he could no longer so much as have pretended not to understand the situation. It was as plain as day. Silver was the captain, and a mighty rebellious crew he had of it. The honest hands—and I was soon to see it proved that there were such on board—must have been very stupid fellows. Or, rather, I suppose the truth was this: that all hands were disaffected by the example of the ringleaders—only some more, some less; and a few, being good fellows in the main, could neither be led nor driven any further. It is one thing to be idle and skulk, and quite another to take a ship and murder a number of innocent men.

At last, however, the party was made up. Six fellows were to stay on board, and the remaining 13, including Silver, began to embark.

Then it was that there came into my head the first of the mad notions that contributed so much to save our lives. If six men were left by Silver, it was plain our party could not take and fight the ship; and since only six were left, it was equally plain that the cabin party had no present need of my assistance. It occurred to me at once to go ashore. In a jiffy I had slipped over the side, and curled up in the fore-sheets of the nearest boat, and almost at the same moment she shoved off.

No one took notice of me, only the bow oar saying: "Is that you, Jim? Keep your head down." But Silver, from the other boat, looked sharply over and called out to know if that were me; and from that moment I began to regret what I had done.

The crews raced for the beach; but the boat I was in, having some start, and being at once the lighter and the better manned, shot far ahead of her consort, and the bow had struck among the shore-side trees, and I had caught a branch and swung myself out, and

"Jim! Jim!" I heard him shouting.

plunged into the nearest thicket, while Silver and the rest were still 100 yards behind.

"Jim, Jim!" I heard him shouting.

But you may suppose I paid no heed; jumping, ducking, and breaking through, I ran straight before my nose, till I could run no longer.

CHAPTER XIV.

THE FIRST BLOW.

I was so pleased at having given the slip to Long John that I began to enjoy myself and look around me with some interest on the strange land that I was in.

I had crossed a marshy tract full of willows, bulrushes, and odd outlandish, swampy trees, and I had now come out upon the skirts of an open piece of undulating, sandy country, about a mile long, dotted with a few pines, and a great number of contorted trees, not unlike the oak in growth, but pale in the foliage, like willows. On the far side of the open stood one of the hills, with two quaint, craggy peaks, shining vividly in the sun.

I now felt for the first time the joy of exploration. The isle was uninhabited; my shipmates I had left behind, and nothing lived in front of me but dumb brutes and fowls. I turned hither and thither among the trees. Here and there were flowering plants unknown to me; here and there I saw snakes, and one raised his head from a ledge of a rock and hissed at me with a noise not unlike the spinning of a top. Little did I suppose that he was a deadly enemy, and that the noise was the famous rattle.

Then I came to a long thicket of these oak-like trees—live or evergreen oaks, I heard afterward they should be called—which grew low along the sand like brambles, the boughs curiously twisted, the foliage compact, like thatch. The thicket stretched down from the top one of the sandy knolls, spreading and growing taller as it went, until it reached the margin of the broad, reedy fen, through which the nearest of the little rivers soaked its way into the anchorage. The marsh was steaming in the strong sun, and the outline of the Spy-glass trembled through the haze.

All at once there began to go a sort of bustle among the bulrushes; a wild duck flew up with a quack, another followed, and soon over the whole surface of the marsh a great cloud of birds hung screaming and circling in the air. I judged at once that some of my shipmates must be drawing near along the borders of the fen. Nor was I deceived; for soon I heard the very distant and low tones of a human voice, which as I continued to give ear, grew steadily louder and nearer.

This put me in great fear, and I crawled under cover of the nearest live-oak and squatted there, hearkening, as silent as a mouse.

Another voice answered; and then the first voice, which I now recognized to be Silver's, once more took up the story, and ran on for a long while in a stream, only now and again interrupted by the other. By the sound they must have been talking earnestly, and almost fiercely; but no distinct word came to my hearing.

At last the speakers seemed to have paused, and perhaps to have sat down; for not only did they cease to draw any nearer, but the birds themselves began to grow more quiet, and to settle again to their places in the swamp.

And now I began to feel that I was neglecting my business; that since I had been so foolhardy as to come ashore with these desperadoes, the least I could do was to overhear them at their councils; and my plain and obvious duty was to draw as close as I could manage, under the favorable ambush of the crouching trees.

I could tell the direction of the speakers pretty exactly, not only by the sound of their voices, but by the behavior of the few birds that still hung in alarm above the heads of the intruders.

Crawling on all-fours, I made steadily but slowly toward them; till at last, raising my head to an aperture among the leaves, I could see clear down into a little green dell beside the marsh, and closely set about with trees, where Long John Silver and another of the crew stood face to face in conversation.

The sun beat full upon them. Silver had thrown his hat beside him on the ground, and his great, smooth, blonde face, all shining with heat, was lifted to the other man's in a kind of appeal.

"Mate," he was saying, "it's because I thinks gold-dust of you—gold-dust, and you may lay to that! If I hadn't took to you like pitch, do you think I'd have been here a-warning of you? All's up—you can't make nor mend; it's to save your neck that I'm a-speaking, and if one of the wild 'uns knew it, where 'ud I be, Tom—now, tell me, where 'ud I be?"

"Silver," said the other man—and I observed he was not only red in the face, but spoke as hoarse as a crow, and his voice shook, too, like a taut rope—"Silver," says he, "you're old, and you're honest, or has the name for it; and you've money, too, which lots of poor sailors hasn't; and you're brave, or I'm mistook. And will you tell me you'll let yourself be led away with that kind of a mess of swabs? not you! As sure as God sees me, I'd sooner lose my hand. If I turn again my dooty—"

And then all of a sudden he was interrupted by a noise. I had found one of the honest hands—well, here, at that same moment, came news of another. Far away out in the marsh there arose, all of a sudden, a sound like the cry of anger, then another on the back of it; and then one horrid, long-drawn scream. The rocks of the Spy-glass re-echoed it a score of times; the whole troop of marsh-birds rose again, darkening heaven, with a simultaneous whir; and long after that death yell was still ringing in my brain, silence had reestablished its empire, and only the rustle of the redescending birds and the boom of the distant surges disturbed the languor of the afternoon.

Tom had leaped at the sound, like a horse at the spur; but Silver had not winked an eye. He stood where he was, resting lightly on his crutch, watching his companion like a snake about to spring.

"John!" said the sailor, stretching out his hand.

"Hands off!" cried Silver, leaping back a yard, as it seemed to me, with the speed and security of a trained gymnast.

"Hands off, if you like, John Silver," said the other. "It's a black conscience that can make you feared of me. But, in Heaven's name, tell me what was that?"

"That?" returned Silver, smiling away, but warier than ever, his eye a mere pin-point in his big face, but gleaming like a crumb of glass. "That? Oh, I reckon that'll be Alan."

And at this poor Tom flashed out like a hero.

"Alan!" he cried. "Then rest his soul for a true seaman! And as for you, John Silver, long 'you've been a mate of mine, but you're mate of mine no more. If I die like a dog, I'll die in my dooty. You've killed Alan, have you? Kill me, too, if you can. But I defies you."

And with that, this brave fellow turned his back directly on the cook, and set off walking for the beach. But he was not destined to go far. With a cry, John seized the branch of a tree, whipped the crutch out of his armpit, and sent that uncouth missile hurling through the air. It struck poor Tom, point foremost, and with stunning violence, right between the shoulders in the middle of his back. His hands flew up, he gave a sort of gasp, and fell.

Whether he was injured much or little none could ever tell. Like enough, to judge from the sound, his back was broken on the spot, but he had no time given him to recover. Silver, agile as a monkey, even without leg or crutch, was on the top of him the next moment, and had twice buried his knife up to the hilt in that defenseless body. From my place of ambush I could hear him pant loudly as he struck the blows.

I do not know what it rightly is to faint, but I do know that for the next little while the whole world swam away from before me in a whirling mist; Silver and the birds and the tall Spy-glass hilltop, going round and round and topsy turvy before my eyes, and all manner of bells ringing and distant voices shouting in my ears.

When I came again to myself, the monster had pulled himself together, his crutch under his arm, his hat upon his head. Just before him Tom lay motionless upon the sward; but the murderer minded him not a whit, cleansing his blood-stained knife the while upon a whisp of grass. Everything else was unchanged, the sun still

Silver buried his knife twice in that defenseless body.

shining mercilessly on the steaming marsh and the tall pinnacle of the mountain, and I could scarce persuade myself that murder had actually been done, and a human life cruelly cut short a moment since before my eyes.

But now John put his hand into his pocket, brought out a whistle, and blew upon it several modulated blasts, that rang far across the heated air. I could not tell, of course, the meaning of the signal, but it instantly awoke my fears. More men would be coming. I might be discovered. They had already slain two of the honest people; after Tom and Alan, might not I come next?

Instantly I began to extricate myself and crawl back again, with what speed and silence I could manage, to the more open portion of the wood. As I did so, I could hear hails coming and going between the old buccaneer and his comrades, and this sound of danger lent me wings. As soon as I was clear of the thicket I ran as I never ran before, scarce minding the direction of my flight, so long as it led me from the murderers; and as I ran, fear grew and grew upon me, until it turned into a kind of frenzy.

Indeed, could anyone be more entirely lost than I? When the gun fired, how should I dare go down to the boats among those fiends, still smoking from their crime? Would not the first of them who saw me wring my neck like a snipe's? Would not my absence itself be an evidence to them of my alarm, and therefore of my fatal knowledge? It was all over, I thought. Good-by to the Hispaniola; good-by to the squire, the doctor and the captain. There was nothing left for me but death by starvation or death by the hands of the mutineers.

All this while, as I say, I was still running, and, without taking any notice, I had drawn near to the foot of the little hill with the two peaks, and had got into a part of the island where the wild oaks grew more widely apart, and seemed more like forest trees in their bearings and dimensions. Mingled with these were a few scattered pines, some 50, some nearly 70 feet high. The air, too, smelled more freshly than down beside the marsh.

And here a fresh alarm brought me to a standstill with a thumping heart.

CHAPTER XV.

THE MAN OF THE ISLAND.

From the side of the hill, which was here steep and stony, a spout of gravel was dislodged and fell rattling and bounding through the trees. My eyes turned instinctively in that direction, and I saw a figure leap with great rapidity behind the trunk of a pine. What it was, whether bear or man or monkey, I could in no wise tell. It seemed dark and shaggy; more I knew not. But the terror of the new apparition brought me to a stand.

I was now, it seemed, cut off upon both sides; behind me the murderers, before me this lurking nondescript. And immediately I began to prefer the dangers that I knew to those I knew not. Silver himself appeared less terrible in contrast with this creature of the woods, and I turned on my heel, and, looking sharply behind me over my shoulder, began to retrace my steps in the direction of the boats.

Instantly the figure reappeared, and, making a wide circuit, began to head me off. I was tired, at any rate; but had I been as fresh as when I rose, I could see it was in vain for me to contend in speed such an adversary. From trunk to trunk the creature flitted like a deer, running man-like on two legs, but unlike any man that I had ever seen, stooping almost double as it ran. Yet a man it was. I could no longer be in doubt about that.

I began to recall what I had heard of cannibals. I was within an ace of calling for help. But the mere fact that he was a man, however wild, had somewhat reassured me, and my fear of Silver began to revive in proportion. I stood still, therefore, and cast about for some method of escape; and as I was so thinking, the recollection of my pistol flashed into my mind. As soon as I remembered I was not defenseless, courage glowed again in my heart; and I set my face resolutely for this man of the island, and walked briskly toward him.

He was concealed by this time, behind another tree trunk; but he must have been watching me closely, for as soon as I began to move in his direction he reappeared and took a step to meet me. Then he hesitated, drew back, came forward again, and at last, to my wonder and confusion, threw himself on his knees and held out his clasped hands in supplication.

At that I once more stopped.

"Who are you?" I asked.

"Ben Gunn," he answered, and his voice sounded hoarse and awkward, like a rusty lock. "I'm poor Ben Gunn, I am; and I haven't spoke with a Christian these three years."

I could now see that he was a white man like myself, and that his features were even pleasing. His skin, wherever it was exposed, was burned by the sun; even his lips were black, and his fair eyes looked quite startling in so dark a face. Of all the beggar-men that I had seen or fancied, he was the chief for raggedness. He was clothed with tatters of old ship's canvas and old sea-cloth; and this extraordinary patchwork was all held together by a system of the most various and incongruous fastenings, brass buttons, bits of stick, and loops of tarry gaskin. About his waist he wore an old brass-buckled leather belt, which was the one thing solid in his whole accoutrement.

"Three years!" I cried. "Were you shipwrecked?"

"Nay, mate," said he—"marooned."

I had heard the word, and I knew it stood for a horrible kind of punishment common enough among the buccaneers, in which the offender is put ashore with a little powder and shot, and left behind on some desolate and distant island.

"Marooned three years agone," he continued, "and lived on goats since then, and berries, and oysters. Wherever a man is, says I, a man can do for himself. But, mate, my heart is sore for Christian diet. You mightn't happen to have a piece of cheese about you, now? No? Well, many's the long night I've dreamed of cheese—toasted, mostly—and woke up again, and here I were."

"If ever I can get aboard again," said I, "you shall have cheese by the stone."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

PRECIOUS PEARLS.

Famous Gems Owned by Great Ladies of the European Courts.

The most curious among famous pearls is that which three centuries ago the French traveler Travernier sold to the shah of Persia for $675,000. It is still in the possession of the sovereign of Persia. Another eastern potentates owns a pearl of 12½ carats, which is quite transparent. It is to be had for the sum of $200,000. Princess Youssoupoff has an oriental pearl which is unique for the beauty of its color. In 1620 this pearl was sold by Georgibus of Calais to Philip IV. of Spain at the price of 80,000 ducats. Today it is valued at $225,000. Pope Leo XIII., again owns a pearl left to him by his predecessor on the throne of St. Peter which is worth $100,000, and the chain of 32 pearls owned by Empress Frederick is estimated at $175,000.

One million dollars is the price of five chains of pearls forming a collar owned by Baroness Gustave de Rothschild, and that of Baroness Adolphe de Rothschild is almost as valuable. But these ladies are enthusiastic collectors of pearls, and their jewelers have instructions to buy for them any pearl of unusual size or beauty which they may happen to come across. The sister of Mme. Theirs, Mlle. Dosne, is also the owner of a very valuable string of pearls which she has collected during the last 30 years.—Philadelphia Press.

An English Wedding Celebration.

A Liverpool medical man was called in to attend a patient seized with cholera cramps as the result of excessive drinking, and found together about a dozen persons, mostly young women, in a room with full glasses before them, a three-gallon jar of strong ale on the table, and several bottles of whisky, which from time to time were replenished. This remarkable session was kept up for five days. It was in celebration of a wedding, and all had saved up for weeks in anticipation of the event. The father pawned his watch and most of his furniture; one young fellow pawned his coat, hat and watch. The whole party, 20 or 30 in number, slept together on the floors, or anywhere—the house being a small three-roomed cottage in one of the streets of Tox Teth park. When the five days' revel was ended they all "proceeded to the house of Father Nugent and signed the pledge."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Curiosity Satisfied.

"What has become of that fellow called Three-Fingered Sam?" inquired the traveling man in a far western town.

"Him as was alus gettin' mixed up in suspicions concernin' hosses?" inquired Derringer Dan.

"Yes. Isn't he hanging around here any more?"

"I reckon he is—unless some o' the committee took a notion to cut 'im down since yistiddy."—Washington Star.

A Harmless Disease.

"Teacher was tellin' us to-day about having moral character when he was young. Did you have moral character when you was young, grandpa?"

"I think so."

"Didn't leave no marks, did it, grandpa?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

STEADFAST TO HIS DUTY.

Reasons That Were Alleged by a Young Indiana Man for Refusing Conversion.

Many men have laid down their lives for their country and a still larger number for their families and friends, but to defy the devil and all his cohorts for the love of others is a thing not frequently encountered in this world of selfishness. Exactly this thing, however, was done recently by a young man at a camp meeting in Laporte county, Ind.

It was the third day of the meeting. A large number had been converted and the mourner's benches were well crowded, when the local clergyman, who was acting as first lieutenant to the important evangelist in charge of the work, approached a young man who stood in the rear of the seats busily chewing a cigar.

"Come forward, John," said he. "The kind arrows of conviction are flying straight to unrepentant hearts. Your father, mother, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts and cousins are all in the fold. Come."

The young man shifted his feet uneasily for a moment, then threw away his cigar, brushed the hair out of his eyes, yielded to the persuasive hand of the clergyman and took a few forward steps. Suddenly he stopped and asked:

"Has Cousin Bill Foote joined?"

"He's under conviction and is now wrestling with Satan."

"Then I can't go, parson."

"But you will lose your immortal soul."

"I'll have to chance that. We've been a powerful wicked family, parson."

"I know it, John, and I want to make a clean sweep. It's my duty."

"Probably you think I hain't got no duties. It's this way, parson: I'll watch the game and if the devil bests Bill Foote, I'll jine."

"And if he does not?"

"Then I've got a duty to perform. I'll have to stay outside to swear and fight for the family."—Chicago Chronicle.

HARD SOAP.

Two Simple Formulas for Making the Common Kind for Household Use.

A simple way to make a small amount of hard soap is to buy a can of prepared potash and dissolve it in one quart of cold water. The potash will cause the water to boil like lime when the mixture cools, and just before it is cold stir in five pounds of melted grease. Stir the soap for ten minutes over the fire, and then pour it into an old dripping-pan or some similar square-cornered dish. An old wooden box, if the joints are tight, is the best thing to put it in to harden. Where there are stationary washtubs these may be utilized to cool the soap. When it is soft, cut it into suitable-sized bars and let it become hard. It can be used 24 hours after it is made, but it is better for ripening a month. Still another way of making soap is with soda and lime. Dissolve six pounds of common washing soda and three pounds of unslacked lime in four gallons of boiling water. Let the mixture stand until the water above it is perfectly clear. Drain off this water. Now pour in two gallons of cold water and let it settle clear. Drain this second water off in a pan. Put six pounds of clean grease with the lime and soda, and let the mixture boil slowly for two hours till it begins to harden. Thin it as it boils with the two gallons of water which was drained into the pan. Add this water as it is needed; it will not require all, only enough to prevent the soap from boiling over. When a little of the cooled soap hardens, add a handful of salt and mix well, and pour into a mold that has been well wet with water to prevent the soap sticking to the mold. When it is solid cut it into bars. Let the bars dry for three months.—N. Y. Tribune.

Living Sweetly Under Trials.

Many of us find life hard and full of pain. The world uses us rudely and roughly. We suffer wrongs and injuries. Other people's clumsy feet tread upon our tender spirits. We must endure misfortune, trials, disappointments. We cannot avoid these things, but we should not allow the harsh experiences to deaden our sensibilities or make us stoical or sour. The true problem of living is to keep our hearts sweet and gentle in the hardest conditions and experiences. If you remove the snow from the hillside in the late winter you will find sweet flowers growing there beneath the cold drifts, unhurt by the storm and by the snowy blankets that have covered them. So should we keep our hearts tender and sensitive beneath life's fiercest winter blasts, and through the longest years of suffering and even of injustice and wrong treatment. That is true, victorious living.—J. R. Miller, D. D., in Detroit Free Press.

A New Decoration Article.

The latest thing to be utilized by the grasping decorator is the ribbed pasteboard similar to that in which bottles are wrapped. This dull, tinted, corrugated surface has attracted their artistic eyes, and they have boldly seized upon it to accomplish some very good effects. As usual, they take the country houses for their daring experiments, because there one expects, or at least forgives any bizarre scheme in the way of decoration. The pasteboard is used in its natural color of a sort of coffee brown, or it is sometimes painted over in a dull red, green or yellow.—N. Y. Post.

Had Proof Enough.

Gusher—So you think alcohol bad for the memory?

Lusher—Yes, indeed! It has often made me forget myself.—San Francisco Examiner.

When Hot

Don't sweat and fret, but keep cool and take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is good advice, as you will find if you follow it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a first-class summer medicine, because it is so good for the stomach, so cooling to the blood, so helpful to the whole body. Make no mistake, but get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

All Kinds of Stamps.

There are stamps and stamps, and the banks are wrathfully aware that there are. The record of one Boston bank for stamps received on checks is this:

Internal revenue stamps of the '60s.
Regular postage stamps.
Omaha postage stamps.
Proprietary stamps.
Doucumentary stamps of 1898.
Postage-due stamps.

The receipt of two one-cent "postage due" on a check broke the record. How anybody outside of the post office department could have had them in possession to put on is now the mystery.—Boston Transcript.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to-day*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Englishman Kicked.

New Arrival—How much is the fare from New York to San Francisco?

Ticket Agent—One hundred dollars.

"You bloomin' robber! I can travel clear across England for $20!"—Puck.

Wheat 40 Cents a Bushel.

How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and samples of Salzer's Red Cross (80 Bushels per acre) Winter Wheat, Rye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalogue for 4 cents postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. K

Misunderstood.

"How much is a ticket, mistah?"

"Fifty cents for the grand stand."

"How much is de tickets foh to sit down, mistah?"—Up to Date.

Immediate Reconciliation.

She—You know you married me, John Henry, to get into good society!

He (having stopped to count five)—Of course I did, dear. And I got into it, too—your society.—Chicago Tribune.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Bacon—"Are the flies bad up your way?" Egbert—"I think not. A great many of them seem to go to church Sundays."—Yonkers Statesman.

TO MRS. PINKHAM

From Mrs. Walter E. Budd, of Patchogue, New York.

Mrs. BUDD, in the following letter, tells a familiar story of weakness and suffering, and thanks Mrs. Pinkham for complete relief:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I think it is my duty to write to you and tell you what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I feel like another woman. I had such dreadful headaches through my temples and on top of my head, that I nearly went crazy; was also troubled with chills, was very weak; my left side from my shoulders to my waist pained me terribly. I could not sleep for the pain. Plasters would help for a while, but as soon as taken off, the pain would be just as bad as ever. Doctors prescribed medicine, but it gave me no relief.

"Now I feel so well and strong, have no more headaches, and no pain in side, and it is all owing to your Compound. I cannot praise it enough. It is a wonderful medicine. I recommend it to every woman I know."

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

WOMAN AND HOME

INFANTS IN SUMMER.

They Require More Care Then and Cause More Worry Than at Any Other Time of Year.

We are apt to think of summer as the season of life and growth and of winter as the season of natural death and the dearth of life. Yet the opposite is the case. The rate of mortality among little children and in all human life increases as the rays of the sun increase in intensity. The chill breezes of winter and the cold mantle of snow, which purify the air with frost, are more kindly than the warm breezes of summer, laden as they are with the germs of disease arising from decaying animal and vegetable matter.

Infant children require special care in summer. The dangers to infancy which arise from summer heat are more than doubled when the little one is fed artificially. It is clearly the mother's duty, where the milk from her breast is sufficient, to nurse her child. Exercise in abundant fresh air and good, plain, but wholesome food, which will keep the mother in health, will keep the milk in good condition, under normal circumstances, until the child is nine or ten months old. At about this time the milk, according to the best authorities, usually begins to deteriorate. Much, however, depends upon circumstances. No mother should wean a baby at the beginning of hot weather, unless she is absolutely compelled to do so. It is never wise to disturb the digestion of a nursing baby by making any change in its food, or by giving it any additional food to that which it is accustomed to, in July, August, or even in September. If the child is well, the early spring months long before the hot weather comes is a good time to make a change from the food nature has provided to artificial food. Do not wean a child suddenly. Accustom it gradually to being fed with artificial food. Try a different preparation of milk if the first does not agree with the little one. No one food agrees with all babies. What agrees with one baby will not necessarily agree with others. When the proper food is obtained do not make any changes until the child has teeth enough to be fed more substantial food than milk. It is better to begin at the beginning and feed a child that is being gradually weaned with a spoon. Do not use a bottle unless it is positively necessary.—N. Y. Tribune.

DAINTY LITTLE DRESS.

Something for the Youngest Sister to Wear When She Goes Visiting in the Afternoon.

For morning and for play occasions the little eight-year-old girl can have a choice of dresses. The summer ginghams, mulls, lawns, ducks and chambrays are so numerous that a wide variety is offered her. But for a nice

LITTLE GIRL'S VISITING GOWN.

dress which shall be inexpensive, there is not so great a variety.

One of the prettiest "nice" dresses was worn at a children's carnival at Narragansett the other day. The little dress was of summer wash silk—cream color with figures in pale yellow. It was made with a round skirt, full blouse and low cut neck.

The yoke of this dress was of pale yellow wash silk, put on separately from the dress.

The skirt of the dress and the yoke had a broad plaiting of ribbon in yellow to match the dots upon the dress. The ribbon was made in double box plaits and sewed around the skirt plain.

The little maid wore a hat of cream-colored straw, edged with puffed ribbon, and at the back stood a big bow of black velvet to match her belt and shoes and stockings.

To plait ribbon so it will be suitable for a dress trimming, buy wide ribbon, double box plait it, and sew through the middle. Fasten upon a ribbon band and take off when the dress is laundered.

Duration of Marriages.

The average duration of marriages in England is 28 years; in France and Germany, 26; Norway, 24; Russia, 30.

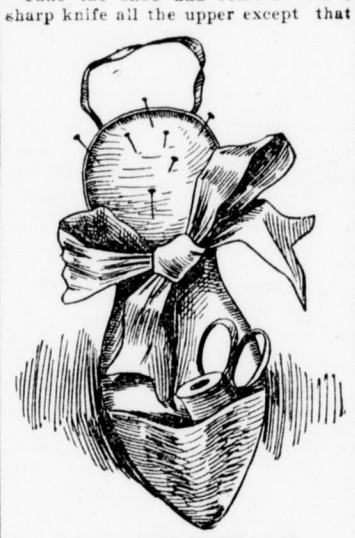
PRETTY WORK-CASE.

How an Old Shoe May Be Transformed Into a Dainty and Useful Boudoir Article.

It is surprising what a number of useful articles can be made out of objects that we generally discard and regard as altogether useless. Many are the things that are thus thrown aside, and it denotes the careful housekeeper or the handy person who can turn to good account articles which are usually the prey of the junkman.

In every house there are bound to be several old shoes lying about in corners and cupboards, and these, by a pair of clever hands, can be metamorphosed into something that serves at the same time for use and ornament. A lady's workcase made out of an old shoe sounds rather funny, but anyone following the directions here given for making such a case will be astonished and delighted at the result.

Take the shoe and remove with a sharp knife all the upper except that



A CHARMING WORK CASE.

portion at the end known as the toecap. Then trim very carefully with the knife or with a sharp pair of scissors the rough free edge of the toecap until you have the projecting edge quite smooth.

Next stand the shoe on a piece of cardboard and mark the outline in pencil. This is to be cut out, as is also another piece of exactly the same size. Each piece thus obtained is placed one inside and one outside the shoe, and the whole covered very neatly with some pretty material, velvet or satin preferred, the stitched side being turned under. Cut out some pieces of flannel to put needles in, and sew them to the front of the shoe, just under the ribbon bow shown in the illustration.

Now for the toe. Cut a piece of paper like the toe of your shoe, see that it has the cardboard sole, and then use it for a pattern to cut the cardboard with. You will only need one piece, and this is to be covered with material to match the sole, lined neatly and sewn to the sole.

A pretty cord is then to be sewn right around the edge of the shoe, a loop left to hang it up by, and a ribbon bow tied in the middle of the shoe.

Put scissors and cotton in the pockets, needles in the flannel and pins in the top, just under the hanging loop, and you have a workcase that will not disgrace any room.—N. Y. Herald.

Good Looks and Health.

The secret of beauty is health. Those who desire to be beautiful should do all they can to restore their health if they have lost it, or keep it if they have it still. It is impossible for anyone to lay down specific rules for other people in these matters. The work which one may do, the rest, exercise, baths, are matters for individual consideration, but none the less they must all be carefully thought of and never neglected. As a rule, when a person feels well, he looks well; when he feels ill, he looks ill. There are times when one can guess without looking in the glass that the eyes are dull and the skin is mottled. This is not a case for any external application, for, to have a fresh complexion and bright eyes, even to have white hands and a graceful figure, you must be well. Health and the happiness which comes from it are the true secrets of beauty.—N. Y. Ledger.

Keep a Long Neck Covered.

Nothing so positively stamps a bodice with the hall-mark of good work as its having not only the neck finish that is in harmony with the other trimming, but also that one which is becoming to the wearer. The woman with the extremely long throat emulates the courage of the beautiful princess of Wales, and never allows herself to wear a frock cut low in the neck. The woman with a short, full throat may have her gown cut a little low and finished with a frill, if that style is suited to the gown; and if it is not, she will have a semi-high arrangement about the throat, which, while it gives the proper effect, will not make her look thick-throated.—N. Y. Ledger.

Head Toward the Engine.

Those who wish to avoid catching cold when sleeping in a sleeping car should have their berths made up so that their heads will be toward the engine. This is because the drafts in a moving train are always from front to rear, and when your head is toward the engine you are better protected, while getting as much fresh air as though you were in the other position. In hot summer weather those who sleep with "head on" can with perfect safety have a screen put under the sash at the foot of the berth, and thereby enjoy a constant supply of cool, unbreathed air.

Palmistry in China.

A Chinese traveler applying for a passport must have his palm brushed over with fine oil paint, and then press it on thin damp paper, which retains an exact impression of the lines on his hand.

THE FARMING WORLD

FARM HOUSE PIAZZA.

One Like That Shown in the Cut Can Be Built at an Expense Everyone Can Afford.

Many houses have no shade trees near them, and a piazza or veranda is almost a necessity in the summer. A permanent porch, deep enough to form the necessary shade in summer, is objectionable in the winter, as it shuts out the light that is then needed. Besides all this, the expense in building a permanent veranda is beyond the reach of many, and altogether unnecessary in any case. The illustration shows how to make a summer veranda that has all the advantages

FARMHOUSE PIAZZA.

of the expensive permanent piazza and avoids the disadvantages in the winter. The expense is so small that everyone can afford it.

Build a platform or floor of length and width desired, with or without railing. Over this at the proper height construct a light frame to be covered with striped awning goods. The frame should be of same length and width as floor or platform, or larger. In many cases the awning and platform should cover the whole front or side of the building. The frame should be attached to the building by screws, so that it can be taken down in winter. Or it can be attached with hinges and made to elevate and drop, same as awnings over windows. The frame is made of light strips of wood, and can be braced from side to side with small wires secured to the house by small screw eyelets. The awning should be carefully taken down in the fall and put away for the winter. It must be properly fastened to the frame by small, large-headed tacks to prevent it from tearing in the wind.—Ohio Farmer.

SEEDING IN THE FALL.

Plowing Should Be Done as Soon as Possible After the Harvest Work Is Completed.

If grass or clover is to be sown in the fall it is very essential to prepare the ground in a good condition in good season in order that the seeding may be done early. Usually unless the seeding can be done sufficiently early so that the plants can secure a thrifty, vigorous start to grow and get reasonably well established before cold weather sets in it is rather poor economy to sow the seed. One of the worst difficulties or objections to fall seeding is the lack of moisture in the soil. With all seed a certain amount of moisture is essential to the securing of a good germination and a vigorous start to grow, and it is always an item to sow the seed under as favorable conditions as possible.

One advantage in plowing the ground reasonably early, taking pains to plow deep and thorough and then making the surface a good tilth, is that the fine soil on the surface acts as a mulch and adds materially in retaining moisture in the soil. And with grass and clover it is often possible to secure a good germination and a good, even stand on land plowed and prepared in a good tilth early, when, if left until the ground gets dry, there will not be sufficient moisture to induce germination.

As with nearly or quite all other farm work, if seeding is to be done in the fall the fields to be sown should be determined in good season, so that the plowing may be done as soon as possible after the harvest work is done. Get the ground in a good condition to receive the seed, and a better opportunity for securing a good stand is afforded, and if the plants are able to make a good start to grow in the fall they will be better able to stand the thawing and freezing of winter.—N. J. Shepherd, in Farmers' Voice.

How to Preserve Eggs.

Place four pounds of unslacked lime, one pound of salt and one ounce of cream of tartar in an earthen jar, then add three gallons of boiling water, stir well and let the mixture stand for two days. Collect the eggs fresh each day, carefully examine them to see that they are free from cracks, lower them with care into the liquid, and put them into a cool place where they will not be disturbed. The liquid should stand above the eggs to a depth of two inches. Look at them from time to time to see if the water has not evaporated. If it has, add a little cold water. One who has tried it says that eggs will keep perfectly good for 12 months when put up in this way.—Journal of Agriculture.

Remember that a horse must understand what you want before the animal can do it. It is your business to make your wants plain.

If you stack clover hay, cover the top with boards or canvas

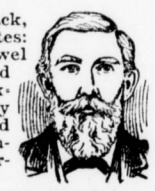
SUMMER CATARRH

Catarrh of the bowels, because it is most prevalent in the summer months, is called summer catarrh.

It surprises many that bowel trouble is catarrhal. Dr. Hartman's books make this plain. Write to the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for them. They tell all about catarrh and how Pe-ru-na cures it wherever located.

"I had chronic diarrhœa for fifteen years," writes Mr. T. E. Miller, Grand Prairie, Tex. "I tried many medicines and doctors in vain. At last Pe-ru-na was recommended, and it relieved and cured me at once."

Mr. John Harting, 633 Main St., Cincinnati, O., writes: "My wife and myself took your Pe-ru-na for chronic diarrhœa and it cured us. No doctor or medicine we tried before helped us."



Mr. Edward Wormack, Ledbetter, Tex., writes: "Pe-ru-na for bowel troubles is unequalled by anything in my experience. I owe my life to Pe-ru-na, and shall always recommend it to those suffering as I was."

Mr. John Edgarton, 1020 Third Ave., Altoona, Pa., says: "I suffered from dysentery for three years I took Pe-ru-na and am now well."

She Scored That Time.

"What's that?" said the old gentleman as he entered while the eldest daughter was saying things confidentially to her mother.

"Bess was just telling me that the young man that visited the Broketons last summer has written her, and that he sent love and kisses."

"He did, did he? The impudent puppy. Write him and squelch him at once, or you're no daughter of mine. Let him know so there is no possible chance of misunderstanding that you have the utmost resentment for such conduct, and if he ever comes here again I'll kick him out of the house."

"Well, did you attend to that matter, Bess?" asked the old gentleman at breakfast next morning.

"Yes."

"Good. What did you say?"

"I told him distinctly that if he didn't know any better than to send such things in a letter, instead of bringing them in person, I would have to forego the pleasure of his acquaintance."

For the next five minutes the family were terror-stricken under a conviction that the head of the household had burst a blood vessel.—Stray Stories.

One is always surprised if a workman who is always bragging about his work is found to be doing it well.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

A Masculine Accomplishment.

A man can carry a baby in such a fashion that he can even delude its mother into the belief that he is bringing home a package of meat for dinner.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Perhaps some people do not know that the sphinx got its reputation for being very wise by keeping its mouth shut for 3,000 years.—Chicago Daily News.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. Abbott, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

Everybody likes to tell sensational news, whether it is good or bad.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Air-castles are for very light housekeeping.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

He—"Did your friend, the soprano, ever reach high C?" She—"Yes, one day while she was at the dentist's, I believe she did."—Yonkers Statesman.

"Isn't he a man of rather luxurious tastes?" said one girl. "Yes. I'm afraid he will never make a soldier," answered the other. "I'm sure he wouldn't quail at the enemy's fire." "No, indeed. But I don't believe he could face salt pork as calmly as he could saltpeter."—Washington Star.

Escaped His Memory.—First Statesman—"I see that you were interviewed at length yesterday." Second Statesman (surprised)—"Is that so? But now I think of it, I did find a reporter's card when I got home."—Life.

Dispatches That Were Never Sent.—From Gen. Shafter, weight 309—"I intend to fall on the enemy at once." Admiral Dewey, referring to the von Diedrichs incident—"I believe the wurst is over." From Admiral Sampson, expressive of his feelings when he discovered that Cervera had come out while he was away—"I have requested Capt. Bob Evans to do the subject justice."—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.

What She Would Do.—"Do you know what I would do if I were a man?" He—"Oh, I suppose you'd hurry right down to where they are fighting, and knock out the Spaniards." She—"No, I'd put my foot up on the porch railing, and take a little comfort in life."—Cleveland Leader.

Jennie—"Why do you always take that old thing out? It's the worst-looking horse in the stable." May—"Papa bought him very cheap, and I'm fond of driving bargains."—Philadelphia Record.

Bacon—"A southern poet wrote some verses on a ten-dollar bill." Egbert—"He wanted to prevent the editor from saying that the verses were not worth anything."—Yonkers Statesman.

"Have you been married previously?" asked the license clerk. "Naw," said the young and blushing candidate, "but paw he says he thinks I am getting married too previously now."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

HOW JAMIE PASSED.

He Plays Tricks on His School Principal While That Personage Is Calling on His Sister.

Jamie has a big sister—a blooming, bounding destroyer of hearts, and the principal of Jamie's school used to call on her. He came one evening, just before the close of the last term, and wore rubber overshoes. He always was afraid of catching cold. He left these shoe protectors in the hall. Jamie, by no means sure of passing from seventh into eighth grade, was conning his geography—from necessity, not choice, and he saw those goloshes.

So he got the tack hammer and two tacks and nailed through the rubber soles into the floor. When Mr. Principal departed an hour later Jamie was watching him. Mr. Principal, still smiling on the big sister, inserted his feet in his rubbers—and then he braided himself up in the most amazing fall that ever an educated man accomplished. The big girl picked him up and extracted him from his stationary footwear, but she was shaking with laughter.

Next day Jamie, sweet seraph, drifted past the principal's desk with a look of angelic innocence on his chubby face.

He paused a moment.

"Who called you?" asked the petulant principal.

"The kids called me. They called me 'rubbers!' Say, Mr. Soandson, do I pass?"

And the eyes of the two met for one tense moment. Then the principal surrendered.

"Yes—you pass!" he snapped.

If he had said "no" he would have dodged to the end of his days every time he heard a boy cry "rubbers!"

And Jamie was honest about it. He told no one—not even when his big sister paddled him.—Chicago Chronicle.

AN AUTHOR'S WOES.

He Was Bound to Have His Hero Look Pale If He Had to Change the Rock.

With a smothered curse the great novelist threw away his cigarette and dashed water on the blaze in his front bangs, that, falling in graceful profusion over his face, had been ignited. Quickly recovering his poise, he resumed his dictation.

"—— and turned pale with rage!"

"But," interrupted the omniscient young lady stenographer with a Washington monument souvenir brooch, "the hero is a swarthy Cuban."

"Make him a Norwegian, then, confound it!" shouted the novelist, pinning back his bangs and lighting a fresh cigarette.

"Yes, but the scenes are all laid in Cuba, you must remember!"

"Lay 'em over again! Transplant 'em! Put 'em in Norway and let it go at that."

"But Weyler, you know, wasn't ever in Norway; at least not that I ever heard of, and the story's all about him."

"He—oh, B-r-r-r! I'll swear in a minute! Throw Weyler out and make it about Nansen!"

"Oh, but how can you? The plot deals with guerillas, morasses, yellow fever and—"

"Wow, wow! Make it about milkmaids, mashes, immigration fever! Make it about any old thing! Blank it, woman!" screamed the great novelist, tearing out great handfuls of his hair. "I am going to have that hero turn pale with rage if it's the only thing in the book! He's got to do it. Dash it, do you take me for one of these new-fangled, up-to-date literary fakirs that don't give a whoop for sacred traditions! Not on your life!"—N. Y. Journal.

Called the Bluff.

There is more than one way to evade the tax on bank checks and there are more ways than one to collect a bill. A bill collector of Lincoln called yesterday on a man who had been in the habit of putting off payment of an account. He again objected to making the payment.

"I would give you a check," he said to the collector, "if I had a revenue stamp."

"Here is the stamp," said the collector. "I just bought a few for use in cases of emergency. Give me your check."

The man did not have the courage to refuse payment under the circumstances, so the check was given and stamped then and there. Bill collectors say they will not make a regular business of supplying stamps, but they will always stand ready to call a bluff.—Nebraska State Journal.

Too True.

"It's a peculiar thing about barbers," mused the philosopher, "that no sooner do they scrape acquaintance with a man than they immediately proceed to cut him."—N. Y. World.

The Oldest Volunteer.

A New York State doctor, aged 109, volunteered his services to the President recently, and expressed a desire to enter the army as a surgeon. Even at his advanced years he can read without glasses, and walk 10 to 15 miles a day. The oldest standard medicine is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has no equal for indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, fevers and bad blood. It strengthens, purifies and vitalizes. One bottle does much good

The Sculptor's New Competitor.

Master Sculptor—Well, I suppose the next thing will be a bust of Cervera.

American Student—That would be copying, sir, after Commodore Schley.—Jewelers' Weekly.

G. A. R. Encampment Sept. 5-10. $5.00 Queen & Crescent Route, Cincinnati, Chattanooga and return. W. C. Rinearson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt., Cin'ti, O.

What Was Going On.

Mother—What was going on in the parlor last night, Madge?

Madge (shyly)—Only the engagement ring, ma.—Stray Stories.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

One reason why "it pays to be honest" is because there is less competition along that line.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Write W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Queen & Crescent Route, Cincinnati, O., for free books and maps, $5.00 Cincinnati to Chattanooga Excursion, Sept. 8-10.

G. A. R. $5.00 rate Sept. 8, 9 and 10. Cincinnati to Chickamauga, Q. & C. Route.

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

SUMMER RESORTS ON LONG ISLAND

By the Ocean on the south shore, or the wooded Sound on the north shore. Send 6c. in stamps for "LONG ISLAND," an illustrated descriptive book. 4 cents for "SUMMER HOMES," a book describing hotels and boarding houses on Long Island, and 5c. for "UNIQUE LONG ISLAND," an illustrated book to H. M. SMITH, Traffic Manager, L. I. R. R., Long Island City, New York.

The Best BOOK on the WAR BEAUTIFULLY bound and sumptuously illustrated (price $2), free to anybody sending two annual subscriptions at $1 each to the Overland Monthly, SAN FRANCISCO. Sample Overland 5c.

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HOMES IN NEBRASKA

If you think of changing your location remember this; Nebraska's soil is rich and easily tilled. No rocks and stumps. All grains and fruits that succeed in other states in same latitude flourish there. The climate is well-nigh perfect, the air being dry and free from malaria. An abundance of pure water is found. It is a great state for stock raising and feeding. **There is no state in the Union where a hard-working farmer can do so well.** Thousands of poor men have become rich in Nebraska. Farms can now be bought on easy terms. Prices are low. A handsome illustrated pamphlet describing Nebraska will be sent free on application to P. S. EUSTIS, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES SAPOLIO

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

Additional Local News.

Bradford Era: The Northern Oil Co. has a string of tools running on a tract of land in Elk county which was purchased some time ago. The wells start off at about ten barrels and gradually settle to a daily production of seven barrels. There is plenty of gas in that section and the wells flow for several years.

From an Old Soldier.

KNOX, Ind., Jan. 14, 1897.

GENTS:—I have every confidence in recommending your Syrup of Pepsin. I am 72 years of age and am broken down, the trouble having been brought on by my experience in the war. Your medicine has done me more good than a hundred doctors and I am just about well of stomach troubles.

Yours truly,

Aug JEFFERSON WILHELM.

An exchange explains why a locomotive is like a woman, and is called "she." They wear a jacket, apron, have shoes, hose and drag a train behind them; they have a lap, need guides, ride wheels, will not turn out for pedestrians, sometimes foam and refuse to work, they attract the men, sometimes act very contrary and it always takes a man to handle them.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Thousand Island Excursion August 20th.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run their second and last excursion of the season to the Thousand Islands, Saturday, August 20th.

Train will leave Emporium at 1:45 p. m. Fare, $6 50 for round trip. Tickets will be good returning 10 days, allowing stop-off at Rochester with-in limit of tickets.

The adjacent Lake Ontario resorts, Ontario Beach, Windsor Beach, Manitou and Sea Breeze, are well worth a visit. The 1000 Islands and St. Lawrence are among America's leading summer resorts, and the trip taken as a whole makes a pleasant vacation outing, and at a small cost. n23-3t

Sunday Excursion to Portage Falls.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run Special Excursion Trains to Portage Falls, Sunday, July 3d, 17th, 31st, Aug. 14th and 28th.

Trains will leave Emporium, at 8:00 a. m.. Fare for the round trip $1.00.

The Portage excursions proved very enjoyable for the public,and successful for the company, last season, and no doubt will this season. Passengers are allowed six hours at Portage in which to view the beauties of Glen Iris. Visit the Historic Indian Council House and other points of interest and return home at a seasonable hour.

There are excellent hotels at Portage or you can take your lunch. Remember the dates. 17-10t.

Reduced Rates to Grangers' Picnic at Williams' Grove via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to attend this interesting picnic and exhibition the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from August 27 to September 3, good to return until September 5, inclusive, *at rate of one fare for the round trip*, from principal stations between East Liberty and Bryn Mawr; on the Northern Central Railway north of and including Lutherville, and on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad division east of and including Waterford.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents. 1074-24-2t.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad for Mount Gretna Farmers Exposition.

From August 15 to 19, inclusive, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell, for the above occasion, round-trip tickets to Mount Gretna and return *at single fare for the round trip*, from principal stations between East Liberty and Bryn Mawr; on the Northern Central Railway north of and including Lutherville, and on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad division east of and including Waterford. These tickets will be good for return passage until Aug. 22, inclusive.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents. 1073-24-2t.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Low-Rate Excursion, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has selected the following dates for its popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington: July 21, August 4 and 18, and September 1, 15, and 29. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all points on the Delaware Division; $9.60 from Lancaster; $8.50 from Altoona and Harrisburg; $6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre; $5.75 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo, Rochester, and Watkins returning.

A special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion.

Tickets for a side trip to the Thousand Islands (Alexandria Bay) will be sold from Rochester, good to return to Rochester or to Canandaigua via Syracuse within five days, at rate of $5.50.

For time of connecting trains and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

[1014-20-6w]

Mason Hill Letter.

Haying is done—harvesting begun.

Mrs. Lily Scudder, of Williamsport, is the guest of her sister, Mrs J. M. English.

Miss Cook, of Philadelphia, attended the Sunday School Convention, here.

Mrs. Alma Mix, of Mix Run is the guest of Mrs. Alzinia Barr this week.

Miss Bertolda Hill and Miss Klontz, who have been spending a few days on the Hill, returned home Monday.

A number of young folks from Sterling Run attended the convention here on Saturday.

Mrs. Almira Barr and daughter Minnie visited her sister Mrs Martha Miller a few days last week.

Miss Annie Wilson and Miss Edna Losey, of Dents Run, were the guests of Miss Lizzie Jordan, Friday.

Mrs Agustus Nelson, of Huntley, is visiting her father and brother at this place.

Miss Maud Hevener and brother Claud, returned home Saturday after a few weeks visit with their grandfather at this place.

A number of young folks from Huntley attended the convention here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Williams were the guests of Mr. and Mrs O. B. Tanner on Sunday.

Mrs. O. S. Bailey and son of Sinnemahoning visited friends here a few days last week.

The ones who spoiled Geo. English's bicycle tire during the convention on Mason Hill, ought to be drove into Spain with those heathens. They are too mean to live among civilized people. PEGGY.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely upon a healthy condition of the vital organs. If the liver is inactive you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters is a good alterative and tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at L. Taggart's drug store. 50c. per bottle.

There are 75,000 Germans in London.

Remarkable Cure for Chronic Diarrhoea.

In 1862 when I served my country as a private in Company A, 167th Pennsylvania Volunteers I contracted chronic diarrhoea. It has given me a great deal of trouble ever since.

I have tried a dozen different medicines and several prominent doctors without any permanent relief. Not long ago a friend sent me a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and after that I bought and took a 50c bottle and now I cannot be thankful enough to you for this remedy, and recommend it to all suffering veterans. If in doubt write me. Yours gratefully, Henry Steinberger, Allentown, Pa. Sold by L. Taggart. Aug

An exchange says that alcohol will remove grass stains from summer clothes. The exchange is right. It will also remove the summer clothes, and also the spring, autumn and winter clothes not only from the one who drinks it, but also from his wife and family. It will likewise remove the household furniture from the house, the eatables from the pantry, the smiles from the face of his wife and the happiness from the home. As a remover of things alcohol has few equals. Is it removing anything for you, dear reader?—Dansville Breeze.

Liver Complaints and Nervousness Cured.

A torpid liver always produces dullness irritability, etc. You are all clogged up and feel despondent. Perhaps you have treated with physicians or tried some recommended medicine without benefit. All that is no argument against "Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic," which we insist will cure nervousness and liver complaints. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

Mott's Nerverine Pills

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. $1.00 per box by mail; 6 boxes for $5.00.

MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Prop's, Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by R. C. Dodson.

HUMPHREYS'

WITCH HAZEL

OIL

CURES

Piles or Hemorrhoids
Fissures & Fistulas.
Burns & Scalds.
Wounds & Bruises.
Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetters.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and $1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

Great Excitement in Town.

Over the remarkable cures by the grand specific, Bacon's Celery King, which acts as a natural laxative, stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and kidneys and is nature's great healer and health renewer. If you have kidney, liver and blood disorder do not delay but call at our store for a free trial package. R. C. Dodson. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. 33-15ly

From a Methodist Preacher.

CLAY CITY, Ind., Jan. 12, 1897.

Pepsin Syrup Co., Monticello, Ill.

GENTLEMEN:—It affords me great pleasure to speak in praise of your most excellent medicine. I have suffered quite a great deal from sick headache, the result of sedentary habits and sluggish liver and bowels. Your remedy corrects these troubles and my headaches are stopped.

J. C. BOONE,

Aug Pastor M. E. Church.

Diphtheria.

The most successful throat remedy in the world is Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops. Sold by druggista R. C. Dodson. 6-1ys.

Queen Elizabeth created seven peers.

Wanted.

Ladies and gentlemen suffering from throat and lung difficulties to call at our store for a sample bottle of Otto's Cure. We confidently recommend it as a cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. It will stop a cough quicker than any other known remedy. We believe it will cure you. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. Sold by R. C. Dodson. 33-15-ly

ALL SORTS.

Everyone who has diphtheria, croup, quinsy, catarrh or sore throat, can positively and speedily be cured by Thompson's Diphtheria 28-ly

Charity organizations existed in Egypt 2,500 and in China 2,000 years ago.

That dark brown taste and horrid breath you have in the morning is caused by an inactive liver. Some medicines relieve for a while; others for a few days, but Herbine cures. L. Taggart.

Five feet is the minimum height of the Russian and French conscript.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always affords prompt relief. For sale by L. Taggart. Aug

There are over 2,000 animals in the London Zoological Gardens.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used to-day for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or obstinate coughs. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

There are nearly 3,000 stitches in a pair of hand sewed boots.

It is not what a manufacturer says about his own medicine that cures a patient, but what the medicine does. Ballard's Horehound Syrup does the work and does it will. It cures coughs and colds in a day. Its healing, soothing and quieting. 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

It is said that the best walking pace is 75 steps per minute.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any Salve in the world. This fact and its merit has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Lookout for the man who attemps to deceive you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

Forty-eight pennies weigh as nearly as possible one pound.

History will tell about "Dewey" Hobson, Sampson and Americans protecting themselves from serious throat diseases by using "Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsey Drops." The greatest throat remedy in the world. Sold by druggist, R. C. Dodson. 6ly

Nearly a quarter of all cases of insanity are hereditary.

More than twenty million free samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in its merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores in the shortest space of time. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Butter fetched $7.50 a pound during the siege of Paris.

When you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure don't accept anything else. Don't be talked into accepting a substitute, for piles, for sores for burns. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

American railways employ nearly 2,000,000 men.

A stubborn cough or tickling in the throat yields to One Minute Cough Cure. Harmless in effect, touches the right spot, reliable and is just what is wanted. It acts at once. R. C Dodson. 45ly

Only three species of reptiles exist in Ireland.

You invite disappointment when you experiment DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pleasant, easy, thorough little pills. They cure constipation and sick headache jnst as sure as you take them. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Monkeys are worshipped in parts of Africa.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or frauds. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

There are 77 garrisons in the Kingdom.

The speech of Father Abraham in the last number of Poor Richard's Almanac, published by Benjamin Franklin in 1757, "Contains the wisdom of many ages and nations assembled and formed into one connected discourse." When first published it attracted world wide attention and was copied in all of the newspapers of America and England and translated into many foreign languages. Would you not like to read it? Get a copy free of charge at L. Taggart's drug store. (aug)

ENCAMPMENT OF THE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS AT INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the encampment of the Knights of Pythias Uniform Rank, and Biennial Convention Supreme Lodge of same Order, to be held at Indianapolis, Ind., August 20 to September 10, 1898, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion ticks at *a single fare for the round trip.*

The tickets will be sold August 19, 20 and 21, and will be good for return passage leaving Indianapolis August 23 to 30. Upon deposit of the ticket with the Joint Agent at Indianapolis prior to August 29 and payment of twenty-five cents additional extension of limit may be obtained until September 10, inclusive.

For detailed information apply to Ticket Agent. 1081-25-1t

THIRTY-SECOND NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT OF G. A. R. AT CINCINNATI, O.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the thirty-second National Encampment of G. A. R., to be held at Cincinnati, O , September 5 to 10, 1898, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets at rate of *single fare for the round trip.*

These tickets will be sold on September 2, 4, and 6, and will be good to leave Cincinnati not later than September 6 nor later than September 13, except that by depositing ticket with Joint Agent at Cincinnati on September 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9, and on payment of twenty-five cents, return limit may be extended so that passengers may remain at Cincinnati until October 2. 1083-25-3t

If you want to Sell Anything,
If you want to Buy Anything,—
If you want a Tenant.
Advertise in the PRESS

It is always gratifying to receive testimonials for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and when the endorsement is from a physician it is especially so. "There is no more satisfactory or effective remedy than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Dr. R. E. Robey, physician and pharmacist, of Olney, Mo.; and as he has used it in his own family and sold it in his drug store for six years he should certainly know. For sale by L. Taggart. aug

Piano purchasers invariably make sound investments.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation, and sick headache. They don't gripe. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

Sagasta will have to take gas when he signs the protocol.

Kidney or Bladder Troubles.

If you suffer from kidney, bladder or urinary troubles, or from too frequent or scanty urine, "Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure" is what you want. Bed-wetting by children is generally cured by one bottle of this powerful remedy. Testimonials are disregarded, many people doubting the honesty or sincerity of them, we therefore avoid giving any here, but will furnish them on application to dealer whose name is given below. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Of the Receipts, Expenditures, Assets and Liabilities of Emporium Borough for the Year 1897-98.

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Emporium Borough.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$1,520 67
Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	614 19
Received account cleaning and repairing sidewalks	7 79
Received account license and fines	78 00
Received account sewer connections	3 00
Received account liquor licenses from W. L. Thomas	1,482 00
	$3,705 65

EXPENDITURES.

For Labor on Streets.

A. Z. Taylor	Labor		$ 2 25
Larry Smith	do		7 50
Willis Haviland	do		4 50
Pat Haley	do		1 50
Dan Downey	do		1 50
Kearns Kinney	do		12 39
Robert Parker	do		6 00
Dan Kellar	do		75
James Ostrum	do		1 50
Edward Viner	do		1 50
M. Cavanaugh	do		75
James Haviland	do		22 90
John Welsh	do		48 35
Thomas Smith	do		27 14
Tony Seifred	do		32 55
M. Mulcahey	do		6 37
Chas. Fry	do		23 25
Fred Leutzie	do		3 75
Dan Kriner	do		3 00
James Fetter	do		5 25
Ed. Meyers	do		14 25
A. Loucks	do		10 00
William Snyder	do		24 75
Theo. Hirsch	do		7 12
Chas. Nelson	do		1 50
John Kline	do		3 75
John Hess	do		5 25
Roy Beattie	do		2 00
James Farrell	do		2 27
F. X. Blumle	do		35 00
Henry Wheaton	do		1 00
Edward Morse	do		14 93
William Robinson	do		7 89
W. Buber	do		4 35
James Bailey	do		60
Henry Robinson	do		60
F. N. Shaffer	do		2 25
Henry Sassman	do		11 25
Albert Coole	do		30
Len Evans	do		60
Mose Johnson	do		1 50
John Kelley	do		8 50
Thos. Cavanaugh	do		39 94
Clipson Martin	do		60
Peter Beattie, Street Commissioner			420 00
			$832 90

Fire Department.

Penn Rubber Co., hose for East Ward			$ 79 50
Drying hose			14 00
Citizens Hose Co., (appropriation $100)			50 00
Mountaineer Hose Co.,	do	do	50 00
Hamilton Hose Co.,	do	do	50 00
Rescue Hook & Ladder Co.,	do	do	50 00
Repairs for fire apparatus			9 65
Walker, Howard & Co., supplies			8 20
			$311 35

Printing.

East Emporium Independent	$ 58 00
Cameron County Press	60 25
	$118 25

Lumber.

H. L. Hacket	$ 111 30
	$ 111 30

Police.

A. Z. Taylor	Special Police		$ 10 00
C. A. VanLew	do	do	2 00
Owen Nangle	do	do	3 00
Kit Dalphy	do	do	3 00
James Haviland	do	do	3 00
Ed. Straight	do	do	3 00
John Taylor	do	do	3 00
M. H. Terwilliger	do	do	3 00
			$ 30 00

Miscellaneous.

Sixth St. sewer across Maple St	$ 10 85
Borough Auditors	26 00
Freight on car load sewer pipe	33 36
Hayes and Blinzler, draying	15 65
J. Bair, on stone crossings	52 50
Walker, Howard & Co., supplies	37 13
I. K. Hockley, for sewer brick, etc	16 31
Paid for sewer pipe	77 24
Blacksmithing	7 94
Insurance on City Hall	42 00
Paid John Norris, Jr., on lot	100 00
A. H. Shaffer, surveying	2 00
Johnson & McNarney, Borough Attys.	17 40
C. J. Goodnough, Secretary	40 00
State Tax on Borough bonds	19 38
Tax Refunded to J. F. Parsons	11 40
St. Marys Gas Co	479 00
	$ 988 16
Total expenditures	$2,391 96

Recapitulation.

Total receipts	$3,705 65
Total expenditures	2,391 96
Cash on hand	$1,313 69

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$1,513 69
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1897	325 52
Due from R. B. Stiles, ex-Collector	14 38
	$1,653 59

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding order No. 177 payable Aug. 16, 1898	$ 62 50
Outstanding order No. 178, payable Nov. 16, 1898	62 50
Outstanding order No. 190	50 00
	$ 175 00
Assets over liabilities	$1,478 59

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer in account with Emporium Water Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand at last audit	$ 359 25
Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	938 30
	$1,297 55

EXPENDITURES.

Paid order No. 121, (outstanding last audit)	$ 640 00
Paid order No. 65	640 00
	$1,280 00
Cash on hand	17 55

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$ 17 55
Due from C. H. Jessop, Collector	350 83
Due from R. B. Stiles, ex-Collector	17 02
	$ 385 40
Assets over liabilities	65 40

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding order No. 147	$ 320 00
	$ 320 00

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Borough Bond Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	$ 715 07
Balance due Treasurer	86 52
	$ 801 59

EXPENDITURES.

Balance due Treasurer, last audit	$ 46 59
Paid Bonds 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 inclusive with interest	755 00
	$ 801 59

Recapitulation.

ASSETS.

Due from C. H. Jessop, Collector of taxes	$350 83
	$ 350 83

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding bonds	$4,600 00
Balance due Treasurer	86 52
	$4,686 52
Liabilities over assets	4,335 69

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Newton Cemetery.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand at last audit	$ 367 07
	$ 367 07

EXPENDITURES.

Printing; Orders Nos. 1 and 2	$ 39 00
Labor; Orders Nos. 3 and 4	4 75
Repairs to road, No. 5	25 00
Secretary's salary, No. 6	10 00
	$ 78 75
Cash on hand	$ 288 32

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$ 288 32
Amount due on lots	175 00
	$ 463 32

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron, State of Pennsylvania, hereby certify that we have examined, audited, adjusted and settled the several accounts of the Treasurer of said Borough, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands this 26th day of June, A. D., 1898.

GRANT S. ALLEN,
C. J. GOODNOUGH,
Borough Auditors.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Of the Poormasters' Accounts of Emporium Borough for the Year 1897-98.

FRED C. REICK, Poormaster, in account with Emporium Borough Poor Fund.

DR.

Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	$898 95
Received from J. W. Kriner, late Poormaster	21 15
Received from O. Willets, account Warren Asylum	10 00
Received on account William Lamkie	23 00
	$953 10

CR.

Johnson & McNarney, retainer 1897	$ 10 00
Relief of Mrs. Sam Patterson	5 00
Relief George Harrison	132 00
Relief William Lamkie	32 30
Relief Walter Windall	7 00
Relief E. Myers	6 50
Relief Mary Ellen Mundy	128 90
Relief Tramps, etc	26 21
Paid to Warren Asylum	159 75
Relief John Mundy, paid Wharton Twp.	23 00
Relief John Yeager	35 00
Relief of Mrs. Jas. Stackpole	88 00
Relief Mrs. T. Smith	1 00
Paid Cameron County Press, printing Auditor's report, etc	30 00
Tax Refunded to A. G. Kelley	1 38
Overpaid Tax refunded to Collector	3 70
Outstanding Orders	91 83
Relief F. N. Shafler	5 00
Paid postage and telegraphing	4 46
Balance in hands of Poormaster	162 07
	$953 10

DAVID MURRAY, Poormaster, in account with Emporium Borough Poor Fund,

DR.

Cash on hand at last audit	$ 52 70
Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	558 83
	$605 53

CR.

Relief John Yeager	$ 66 00
Relief to Mrs. Sam Patterson	44 00
Relief to John Hitchcock	146 03
Relief to tramps, etc	15 37
Paid M. M. Larrabee, J. P., costs	8 50
Paid I. M. Reynolds, J. P., costs	8 50
Relief to A. McDonald	178 35
Relief to Frank Hall	9 69
Relief to Robinson	32 00
Printing, East Emporium Independent	28 00
Balance on hand	69 09
	$ 605 53

Recapitulation of Poormasters' Accounts.

ASSETS.

Cash in hand of D. Murray, ex-Poormaster	$69 09
Cash in hand of Fred Reick, Poormaster	162 07
Balance due from C. H. Jessop, Collector	524 34
	$755 50

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding orders	$ 9 00
Assets over Liabilities	$746 50

POORMASTERS' ORDERS OUTSTANDING.

J. W. Kriner to B. Coyle, dated Oct. 9th, '95	$6 00
D. Murray to L. K. Huntington, dated Feb. 28, 1898	3 00
	$ 9 00

We the undersigned, Borough Auditors of the Borough of Emporium, do hereby certify that we have examined, audited, adjusted and settled the accounts of the Poormasters of the said borough and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

C. J. GOODNOUGH,
GRANT S. ALLEN,
Borough Auditors.

THE FAIR!

LACE CURTAINS.

The best quality, largest assortment, newest, handsomest and most artistic designs, and prices that are in the bloom of satisfaction will all be found in our superb array of Lace Curtains. An early inspection will be richly rewarded. Come before the stock has been depleted by earlier purchasers.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

KANE STEAM LAUNDRY!

KANE, PA.,

E. Blinzler, Agent,

Emporium, Penn'a.

THREE OF A KIND.

The summer girl and her swell brothers who wouldn't think of having their shirt waists, shirts, dickies, collars or cuffs done up anywhere but at the Kane Steam Laundry. Shirt waists keep their color as well as dainty negligee shirts, crash or linen suits when done up here. There is an art in our exquisite laundry work that back number laundries haven't learned yet.

GEO. J. LA BAR

IS OFFERING

Special Bargains

IN

BABY CARRIAGES

Having purchased the largest and most handsome line of those goods I shall be compelled to cut close to the cost in order not to carry any over to another season. Come quick and get your pick.

PARLOR SUITES, EASY CHAIRS, SIDEBOARDS, LOUNGES, EASELS.

BED-ROOM SUITES, WINDOW CURTAINS, HAT RACKS, DESKS, Etc.. Etc.

LUXURY

it is to recline at ease on one of our superb couches Slumber comes unsought under such delightful conditions. Pieces of furniture like these are as pleasant to look on as they are to lie on and this fact makes them an irresistable temptation to repose. Our entire stock is packed full of temptations for that matter, temptations in parlor and bed-room suits and in every kind of furniture, and unprecedented temptations in prices. Some people are always quoting from somebody, but our favorite quotations are figures like these: Couches, $5, $6, $8, and $10.

Best Furniture.

We have the largest line ever exhibited in Cameron county.

Geo. J. LaBar.